



klin
SYSTEM

AXO adjustable vanes swirl diffusers

The **AXO** swirl diffusers are designed for air supply in HVAC systems.

- Swirl air supply with a Coanda effect.
- Installation in false ceiling or suspended from the ceiling.
- Sectorized vanes, individually adjustable in radial arrangement.
- Appropriate diffuser for CAV or VAV systems.
- Suitable for installations in premises between 2.6 and 4 m with a temperature differential up to 12°C.

Product advantages:

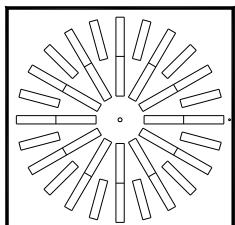
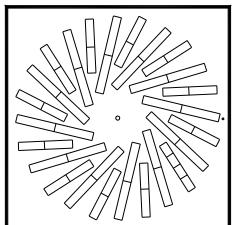
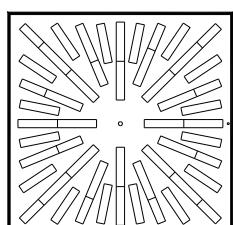
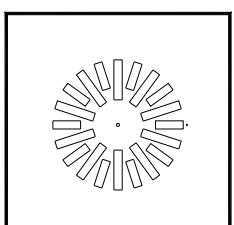
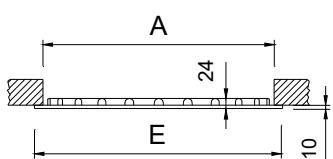
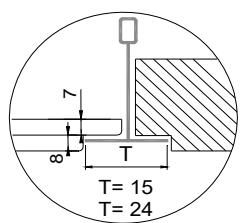
- Air supply with a high induction rate and reduced stratification.
- Adjustable vane angle to adapt the diffuser to different premises.
- The rear sectorization of the fins guarantees a uniform air flow throughout the passage section.

Models:

AXO-S
AXO-KLIN
AXO-C
AXO-R



- Offices
- Hotels
- Shopping centres

**AXO-S****AXO-SY****AXO-SX****AXO-S.../SR/****AXO-S.../T.../**

| | E | A |
|-----|-----|-----|
| 300 | 295 | 280 |
| 310 | 308 | 289 |
| 400 | 395 | 376 |
| 500 | 495 | 476 |
| 600 | 595 | 576 |
| 610 | 605 | 591 |
| 625 | 620 | 601 |
| 675 | 670 | 651 |
| 800 | 795 | 776 |
| 825 | 820 | 801 |

AXO-S

CLASSIFICATION

AXO-S Diffuser with vanes in radial arrangement.

...-SY Vanes in radial inclined arrangement.

...-SX Vanes in square radial arrangement.

.../SR/ Reduced supply area.

.../T15/ Panel with angled borders to replace an angled ceiling tile profile 15 mm.

.../T24/ Panel with angled borders to replace an angled ceiling tile profile 24 mm.

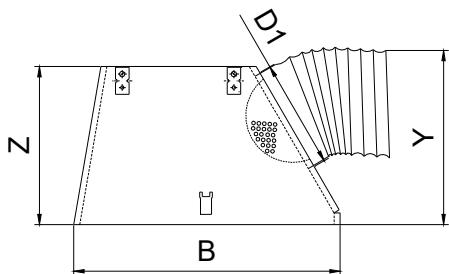
MATERIAL

Diffuser constructed from galvanised steel and deflection vanes made of injected plastic, ABS type.

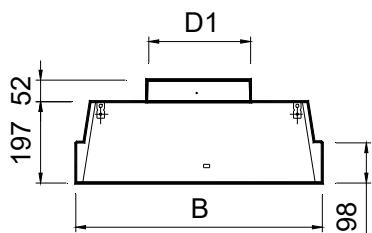
All diffusers are provided with a seal on the back of the frame in order that the perimeter in contact with the plenum box or the ceiling is airtight.



BOXSTAR/



BOXSTAR /S/



| | B | Z | Y | D1 |
|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 300 | 290 | 250 | 275 | 123 |
| 310 | 303 | 250 | 275 | 123 |
| 400 | 390 | 300 | 325 | 198 |
| 500 | 490 | 300 | 325 | 198 |
| 600-D1:250 | 590 | 350 | 375 | 248 |
| 600-D1:200 | 590 | 300 | 325 | 198 |
| 610-D1:250 | 600 | 350 | 375 | 248 |
| 610-D1:200 | 600 | 300 | 325 | 198 |
| 625-D1:250 | 615 | 350 | 375 | 248 |
| 625-D1:200 | 615 | 300 | 325 | 198 |
| 675-D1:250 | 665 | 350 | 375 | 248 |
| 675-D1:200 | 665 | 300 | 325 | 198 |
| 800 | 790 | 415 | 440 | 313 |
| 825 | 815 | 415 | 440 | 313 |

ACCESSORIES

BOXSTAR Plenum box with a lateral circular connection. It includes supports to hang from the ceiling. The crossbar is supplied separately to be assembled manually on the work site.

Made in galvanised steel.

.../S/ Upper circular connection.

...-R Air flow damper in the spigot.

The AXO diffusers incorporate a vane, indicated by means of a point, that can be positioned totally in vertical to allow the access to the regulator once the diffuser is mounted.

.../AIS/ Plenum box with thermal insulation inside.

Foam density 25 kg / m³ ISO 845. Thermal conductivity 10° C _ 0,040 W / m°K EN 12667.

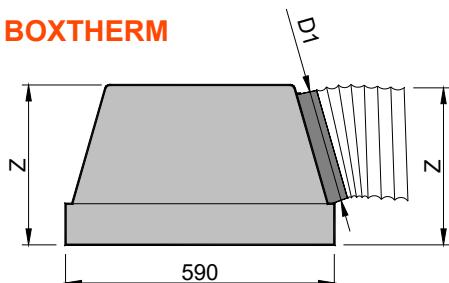
Classified reaction to fire B-s1, d0 EN 13501-1.

BOXTHERM Stackable pyramidal plenum box with a lateral circular connection. Made of 22 mm thickness expanded polystyrene in grey dark colour, which acts as a thermo-acoustic insulator. It includes supports to hang from the ceiling. The crossbar is supplied separately to be assembled manually on the work site. Weight: 1,7 kg. Thermal transmission coefficient of 0.0297 w/mk. This plenum complies with the fire reaction specifications DIN 4102 Part 1 B1. Acoustic power reduction between 2 and 3 dB(A), respect to a metallic plenum box.

...-R Air flow damper in the spigot.

PMXO Crossbar suitable for mounting in false ceiling with rectangular duct.

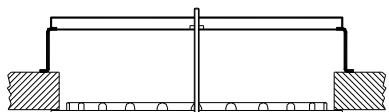
BOXTHERM



| | Z | D1 |
|----------------------|-----|-----|
| BOXTHERM 600-DIAM250 | 350 | 248 |
| BOXTHERM 600-DIAM200 | 300 | 198 |



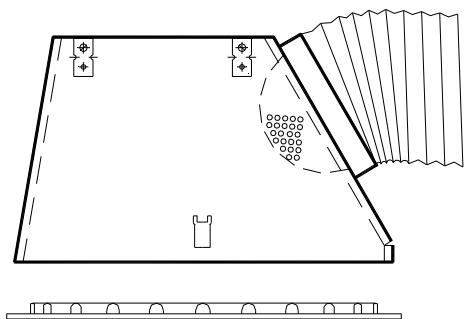
1)



FIXING SYSTEMS

- 1) Connection into the crossbar or to the plenum box by means of central screw. Plenum box incorporates supports to hang the assembly from the ceiling with drops rods.

1)



FINISHES

R9016S Painted white RAL 9016 (60-70% gloss)

R9010S Painted white RAL 9010 (60-70% gloss)

RAL... Painted in other RAL colours

.../AB/ ABS plastic vanes in white.

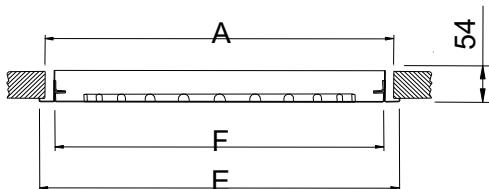
SPECIFICATION TEXT

Supply and mounting of square swirl diffuser with individually adjustable radial vanes series

AXO-S+BOXSTAR-R R9010S dim. 600 constructed from galvanised steel paint white RAL 9010 (60-70% gloss) and black ABS plastic vanes. Lateral circular connection pyramidal plenum box with air flow damper in the spigot. Manufacturer **MADEL**.



AXO-S-KLIN



| | E | A | F |
|---------|-----|-----|-----|
| 400 | 395 | 369 | 345 |
| 500 | 495 | 469 | 445 |
| 600 | 595 | 569 | 545 |
| 610 | 605 | 579 | 555 |
| 625 | 620 | 594 | 570 |
| 675 | 670 | 644 | 620 |
| 600-400 | 595 | 569 | 545 |
| 600-500 | 595 | 569 | 545 |
| 610-400 | 605 | 579 | 555 |
| 610-500 | 605 | 579 | 555 |
| 625-400 | 620 | 594 | 570 |
| 625-500 | 620 | 594 | 570 |
| 675-400 | 670 | 644 | 620 |
| 675-500 | 670 | 644 | 620 |

AXO-S-KLIN

CLASSIFICATION

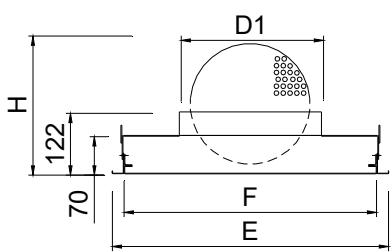
AXO-S-KLIN Hinged removable core diffuser for the easy access to the installations above the ceiling with no need of tools, by means of PUSH fasteners. By slightly pressing on the invisible latch, the core opens, remaining hinged on one side. If necessary, the core can be easily removed for maintenance.

MATERIAL

Diffuser constructed from galvanised steel and deflection vanes made of injected plastic, ABS type.

ACCESSORIES

AXO-S-KLIN+PLK...-R



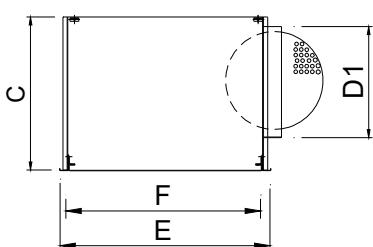
PLK Plenum box fixed to the diffuser with an upper circular connection. Made in galvanised steel.

.../L Lateral circular connection.

...-R Air flow damper in the spigot.

.../AIS/ Plenum box with thermal insulation inside. Foam density 25 kg / m³ ISO 845. Thermal conductivity 10° C_0,040 W / m°K EN 12667. Classified reaction to fire B-s1, d0 EN 13501-1.

AXO-S-KLIN+PLK/L/...-R



| | E | F | D1 | H | C |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 400 | 395 | 365 | 198 | 205 | 320 |
| 500 | 495 | 465 | 248 | 286 | 370 |
| 600 | 595 | 565 | 313 | 353 | 435 |
| 610 | 605 | 575 | 313 | 353 | 435 |
| 625 | 620 | 590 | 313 | 353 | 435 |
| 675 | 670 | 640 | 313 | 353 | 435 |



FIXING SYSTEMS

1)

- 1) Suspended at the false ceiling.



FINISHES

R9016S Painted white RAL 9016 (60-70% gloss)

R9010S Painted white RAL 9010 (60-70% gloss)

RAL... Painted in other RAL colours

.../AB/ ABS plastic vanes in white.

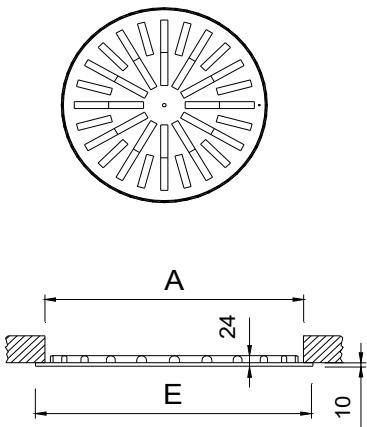
SPECIFICATION TEXT

Supply and mounting of square swirl diffuser with adjustable vanes with hinged removable core without tools, by pressing on the invisible PUSH fasteners series **AXO-S-KLIN+PLK-R R9010S dim. (mm)** constructed from galvanised steel paint in white RAL 9010 (60-70% gloss) and black ABS plastic vanes. With upper circular connection plenum box and air flow damper in the spigot.

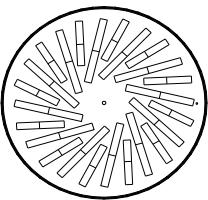
Manufacturer **MADEL**.



AXO-C



AXO-CY



AXO-C

CLASSIFICATION

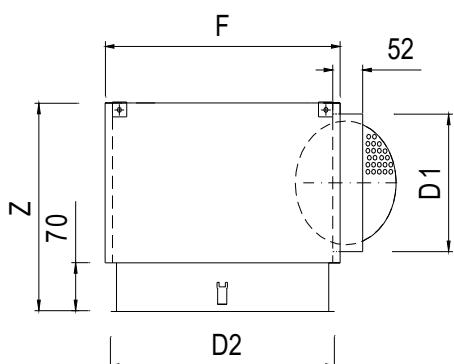
AXO-C Circular diffuser with vanes in circular radial arrangement.

...-CY Vanes in circular radial arrangement, inclined in relation to the center.

MATERIAL

Diffuser constructed from galvanised steel and deflection vanes made of injected plastic, ABS type. All diffusers are provided with a seal on The back of the frame in order that the perimeter in contact with the plenum box or the ceiling is airtight.

PLXOC



| | D2 | F | Z | D1 |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 300 | 295 | 315 | 300 | 198 |
| 400 | 395 | 415 | 300 | 198 |
| 500 | 495 | 515 | 300 | 198 |
| 625 | 620 | 640 | 350 | 248 |
| 825 | 820 | 840 | 415 | 313 |

ACCESSORIES

PLXOC Plenum box with a lateral circular connection. Made in galvanised steel.

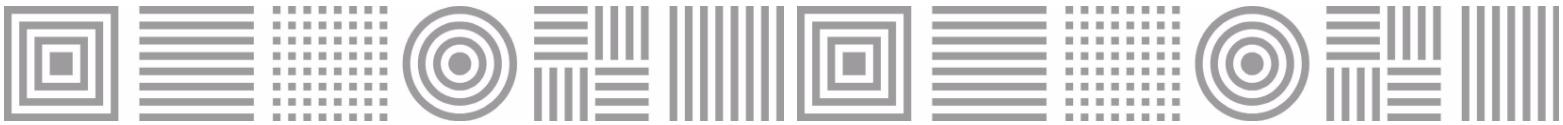
.../S/ Upper circular connection.

...-R Air flow damper in the spigot.

The AXO diffusers incorporate a vane, indicated by means of a point, that can be positioned totally in vertical to allow the access to the regulator once the diffuser is mounted.

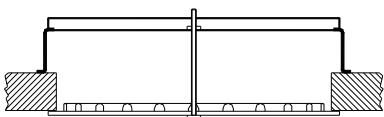
.../AIS/ Plenum box with thermal insulation inside. Foam density 25 kg / m³ ISO 845. Thermal conductivity 10° C_0,040 W / m°K EN 12667. Classified reaction to fire B-s1, d0 EN 13501-1.

PMXO Crossbar suitable for mounting in false ceiling with rectangular duct.



FIXING SYSTEMS

1)



- 1) Connection into the crossbar or to the plenum box by means of central screw. Plenum box incorporates supports to hang the assembly from the ceiling with drops rods.

FINISHES

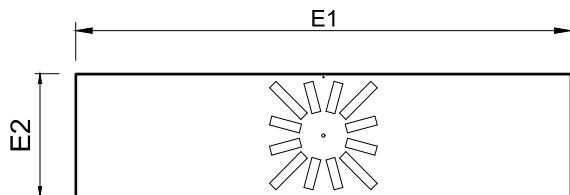
- R9016S** Painted white RAL 9016 (60-70% gloss)
R9010S Painted white RAL 9010 (60-70% gloss)
RAL... Painted in other RAL colours
.../AB/ ABS plastic vanes in white.

SPECIFICATION TEXT

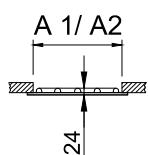
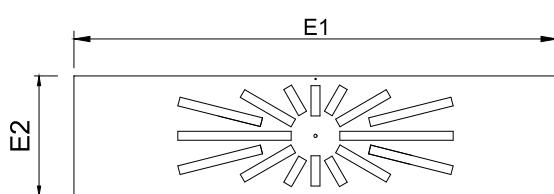
Supply and mounting of circular swirl diffuser with individually adjustable radial vanes series
AXO-C+PLXOC-R R9010S dim. 600 constructed from galvanised steel paint in white RAL 9010 (60-70% gloss) and black ABS plastic vanes.
With lateral circular connection plenum box and air flow damper in the spigot.
Manufacturer **MADEL**.



AXO-R /GC/



AXO-R /GR/



| AXO-R | E1 | E2 | A1 | A2 |
|------------------|------|-----|------|-----|
| /GC300/ 600x300 | 595 | 295 | 576 | 276 |
| /GR400/ 600x300 | | | | |
| /GC300/ 1200x300 | 1195 | 295 | 1176 | 276 |
| /GR400/ 1200x300 | | | | |
| /GR500/ 1200x300 | | | | |
| /GR600/ 1200x300 | | | | |

AXO-R

CLASSIFICATION

AXO-R Rectangular diffuser with vanes in radial arrangement.

.../GC/ Vanes in circular radial arrangement.

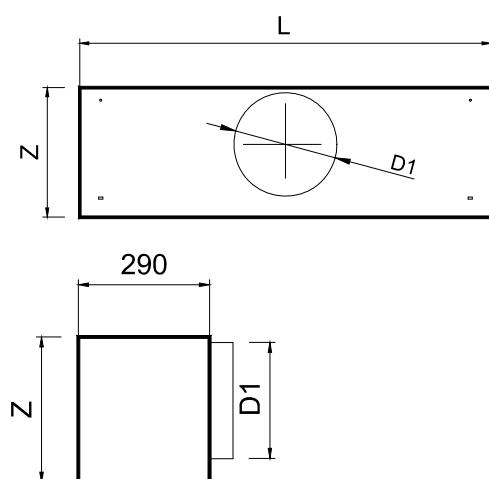
.../GR/ Vanes in rectangular radial arrangement.

MATERIAL

Diffuser constructed from galvanised steel and deflection vanes made of injected plastic, ABS type. All diffusers are provided with a seal on The back of the frame in order that the perimeter in contact with the plenum box or the ceiling is airtight.



PLAR



ACCESSORIES

PLAR Plenum box with a circular connection.

Made in galvanised steel.

.../L/ Upper circular connection.

.../S/ Lateral circular connection.

.../R Air flow damper in the spigot.

The AXO diffusers incorporate a vane, indicated by means of a point, that can be positioned totally in vertical to allow the access to the regulator once the diffuser is mounted.

.../AIS/ Plenum box with thermal insulation inside. Foam density 25 kg / m³ ISO 845. Thermal conductivity 10° C_0,040 W / m°K EN 12667. Classified reaction to fire B-s1, d0 EN 13501-1.

PMXO-300 Crossbar suitable for mounting in false ceiling with rectangular duct.

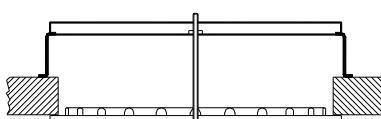
| PLAR | L | D1 | Z |
|---------|-----|-----|-----|
| /GC300/ | 340 | 158 | 210 |
| /GR400/ | 590 | 198 | 250 |
| /GR500/ | 730 | 198 | 250 |
| /GR600/ | 880 | 248 | 300 |

FIXING SYSTEMS

1) Connection into the crossbar or to the plenum box by means of central screw. Plenum box incorporates supports to hang the assembly from the ceiling with drops rods.

FINISHES

1)



R9016S Painted white RAL 9016 (60-70% gloss)

R9010S Painted white RAL 9010 (60-70% gloss)

RAL... Painted in other RAL colours

.../AB/ ABS plastic vanes in white.

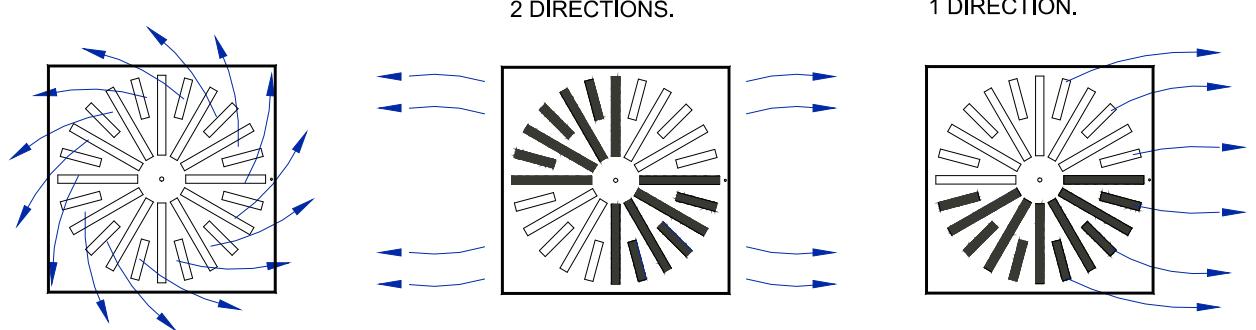
SPECIFICATION TEXT

Supply and mounting of rectangular swirl diffuser with individually adjustable radial vanes series

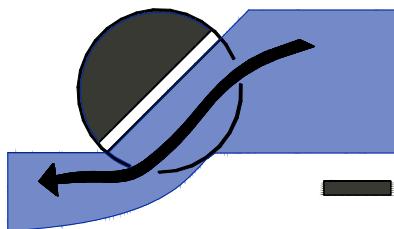
AXO-R/GC300/+PLAR R9016S dim. 600X300
constructed from galvanised steel paint in white R9016S (60-70% gloss) and black ABS plastic vanes.
With lateral circular connection plenum box.
Manufacturer **MADEL**.



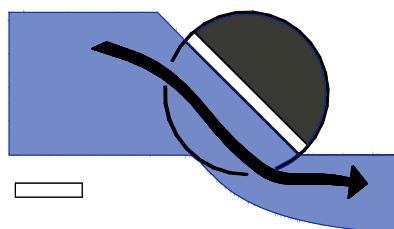
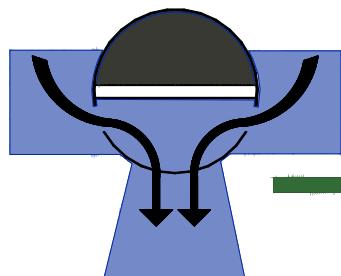
AXO series



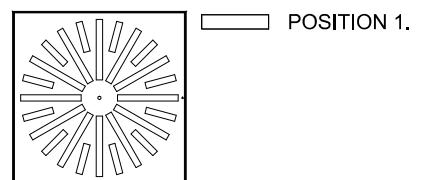
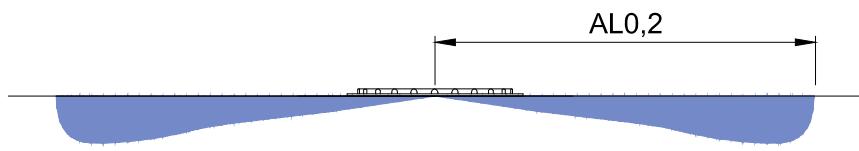
HORIZONTAL SUPPLY.
POSITION 1.



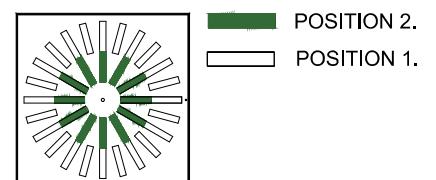
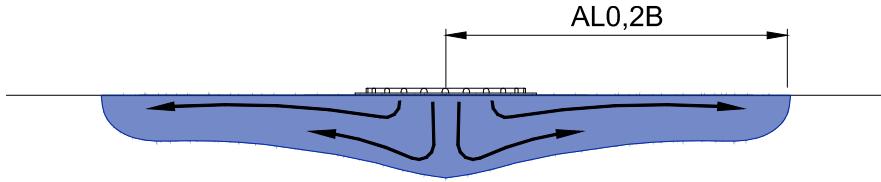
VERTICAL SUPPLY.
POSITION 2.



TYPE A. 100% POSITION 1.

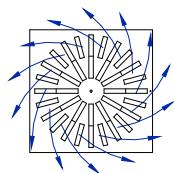


TYPE B. 50% POSITION 1 AND 50% POSITION 2.





AXO-S (Same technical data for 600, 610, 625 or 675)



RECOMMENDED VELOCITY.

| AXO-S | Vmin m/s | Vmax m/s |
|-------|-------------|-------------|
| 300 | 2.5 | 6,5 |
| 400 | 2.5 | 5,9 |
| 500 | 2.5 | 5,4 |
| 600 | 2.5 | 5,3 |
| 800 | 2.5 | 4,2 |

FREE FACE AREA (m²).

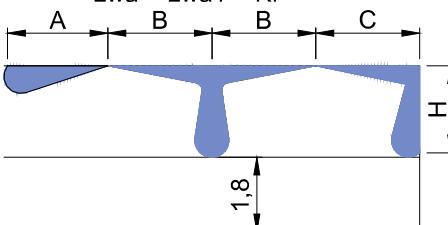
| AXO-S | Afree m ² | Qmin. m ³ /h | Qmax. m ³ /h |
|-------|-------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| 300 | .0096 | 87 | 225 |
| 400 | .0201 | 181 | 430 |
| 500 | .029 | 261 | 565 |
| 600 | .044 | 396 | 845 |
| 800 | .068 | 612 | 1025 |

CORRECTION FACTOR FOR DPt AND Lwa1.

| BOXSTAR-R | | 100% Open | 50% Open | 10% Open |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|----------|
| 300 | Dpt (Kp) | 1 | 1,2 | 2,4 |
| | Lwa1 (Kf) | +0,7 | +1,1 | +2,4 |
| 400 | Dpt (Kp) | 1 | 1,2 | 2,3 |
| | Lwa1 (Kf) | +0,8 | +1,5 | +2,9 |
| 500 | Dpt (Kp) | 1 | 1,4 | 4 |
| | Lwa1 (Kf) | +0,8 | +2,1 | +2,8 |
| 600 | Dpt (Kp) | 1 | 1,5 | 4,8 |
| | Lwa1 (Kf) | +0,9 | +5,8 | +7,7 |
| 800 | Dpt (Kp) | 1 | 1,7 | 4,5 |
| | Lwa1 (Kf) | +0,9 | +3,6 | +5,2 |

$$DPt1 = Kp \times Dpt$$

$$Lwa = Lwa1 + Kf$$

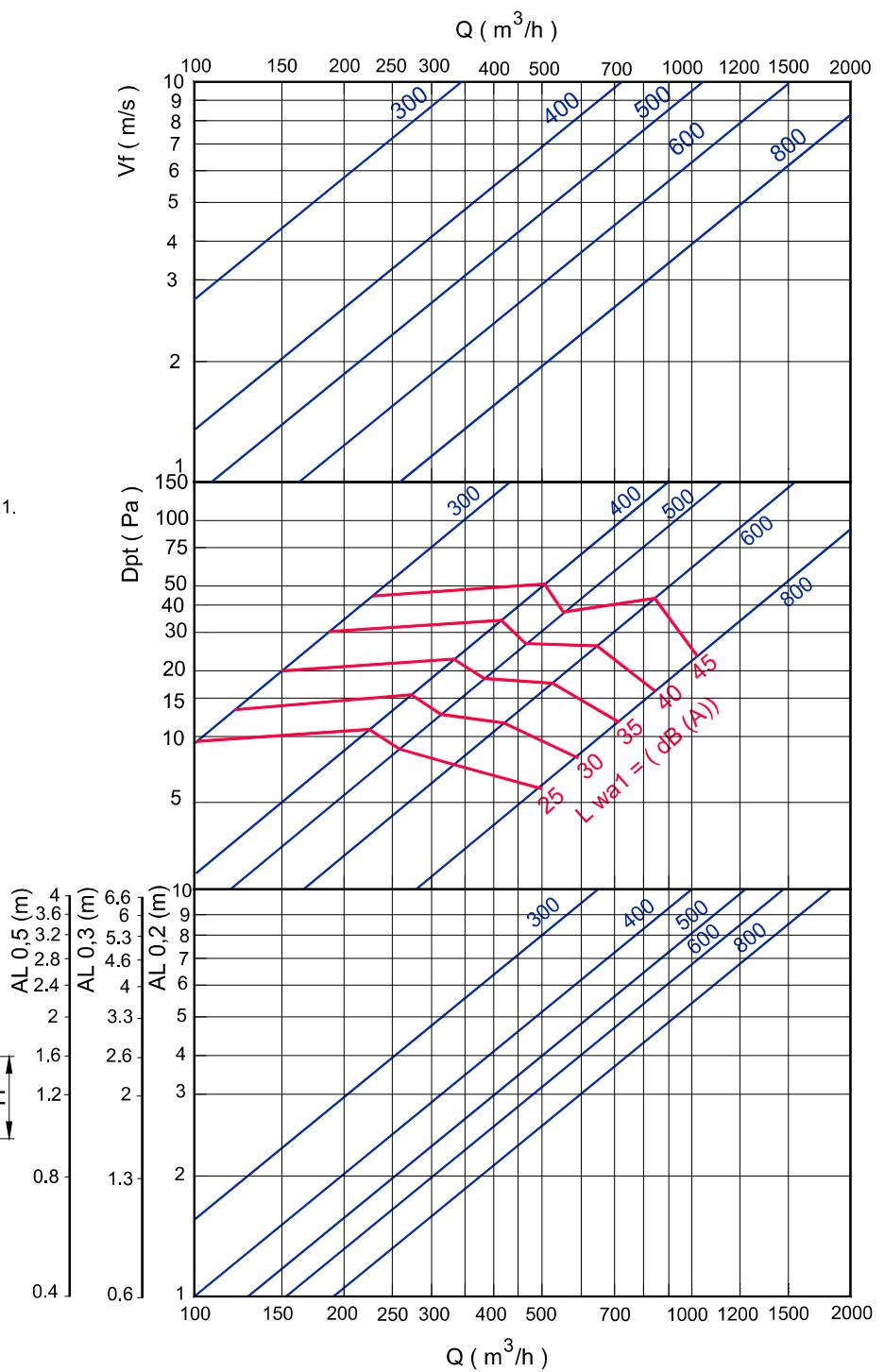


$$AL_{0.2} = A$$

$$AL_{0.2} = B + H$$

$$AL_{0.2} = C + H$$

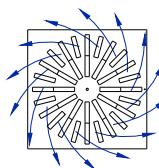
FREE VELOCITY, PRESSURE LOSS AND SOUND POWER LEVEL,
THROW WITH CEILING EFFECT.



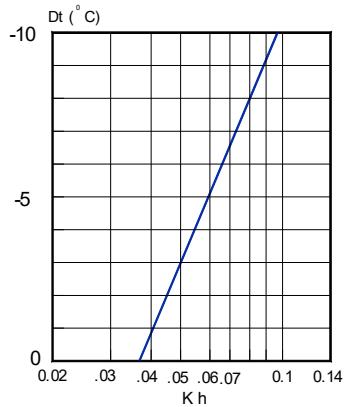
Note: In MadelMedia Octava band centre frequency in Hz.



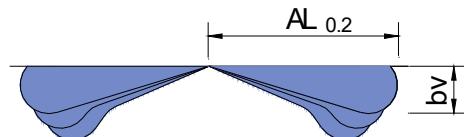
AXO-S (Same technical data for 600, 610, 625 or 675)



CORRECTION FACTOR FOR
VERTICAL DIFFUSION (bV)
FOR DT (-).

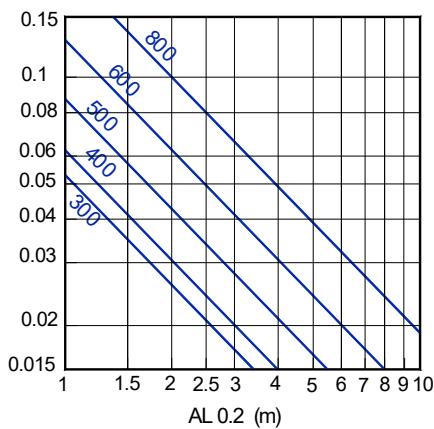


Kh = Correction factor for the vertical diffusion.

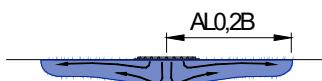


TEMPERATURE RATIO.

$$\frac{Dt_l}{Dt_z} = \frac{t_{room} - t_x}{t_{room} - t_{supply}}$$



TYPE B. 50% POSITION 1 AND 50% POSITION 2.



$$i = \frac{Q_r}{Q_0} = \frac{Q \text{ total at } x}{Q \text{ of supply}}$$

$$AL_{0,2B} = KB * AL_{0,2}$$

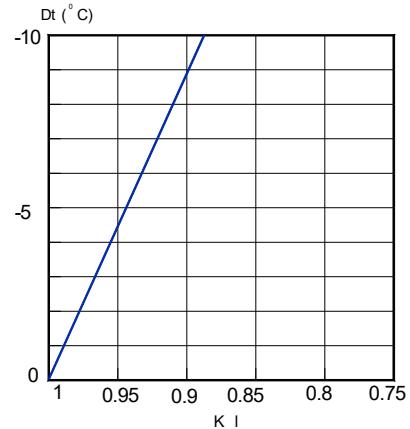
EXAMPLE:

$$\begin{aligned} & AXOS-600 \\ & Q=600 \text{ m}^3/\text{h} \\ & AL_{0,2}=4 \text{ m} \\ & AL_{0,2B}=0.74 * 4 = 2.96 \text{ m} \\ & i=28 \end{aligned}$$

CORRECTION FACTOR FOR THROW TYPE B.

| AXOS | KB |
|------|------|
| 500 | 0,75 |
| 600 | 0,74 |
| 800 | 0,7 |

CORRECTION FACTOR FOR
THROW (L0.2) DT (-).



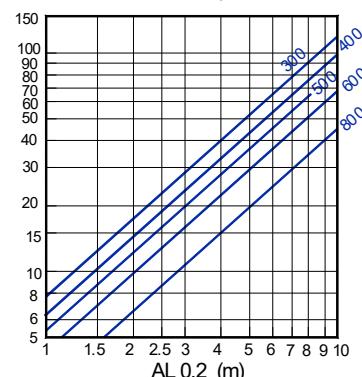
KI = Correction factor for the throw.

$$bv = Kh \times AL_{0,2}$$

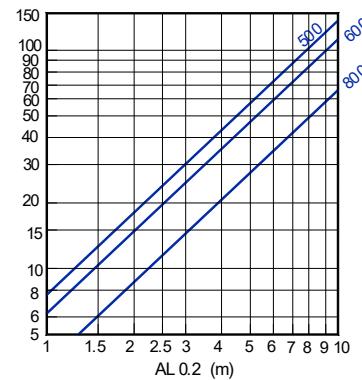
$$AL'_{0,2} (Dt < 0) = KI \times AL_{0,2}$$

INDUCTION RATIO.

$$i = \frac{Q_r}{Q_0} = \frac{Q \text{ total at } x}{Q \text{ of supply}}$$

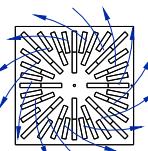


INDUCTION RATIO. TYPE B.





AXO-SX (Same technical data for 600, 610, 625 or 675)



RECOMMENDED VELOCITY.

| AXO-SX | Vmin m/s | Vmax m/s |
|--------|-------------|-------------|
| | 2,5 | 6,5 |
| | 2,5 | 6,9 |
| | 2,5 | 5,6 |
| | 2,5 | 4,2 |
| | 2,5 | 3,9 |

FREE FACE AREA (m²).

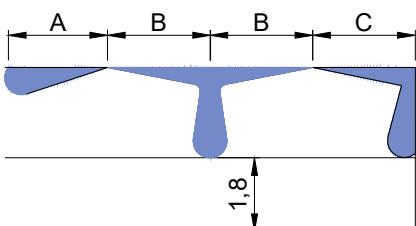
| AXOSX | Afree m ² | Qmin. m ³ /h | Qmax. m ³ /h |
|-------|-------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| 300 | .0112 | 101 | 263 |
| 400 | .024 | 216 | 598 |
| 500 | .032 | 288 | 652 |
| 600 | .058 | 522 | 880 |
| 800 | .079 | 711 | 1110 |

CORRECTION FACTOR FOR DPt AND Lwa1.

| BOXSTAR-R | 100% Open | 50% Open | 10% Open |
|-----------|-----------|----------|----------|
| Dpt (Kp) | 1 | 1,2 | 2,4 |
| Lwa1 (Kf) | +0,8 | +1,5 | +1,1 |
| Dpt (Kp) | 1 | 1,2 | 2,6 |
| Lwa1 (Kf) | +0,8 | +2,1 | +2 |
| Dpt (Kp) | 1 | 1,4 | 4 |
| Lwa1 (Kf) | +0,9 | +2 | +1 |
| Dpt (Kp) | 1 | 1,5 | 4,8 |
| Lwa1 (Kf) | +0,8 | +4,8 | +5,2 |
| Dpt (Kp) | 1 | 1,8 | 4,5 |
| Lwa1 (Kf) | +0,9 | +3,6 | +2,7 |

$$DPt1 = Kp \times DPt$$

$$Lwa = Lwa1 + Kf$$

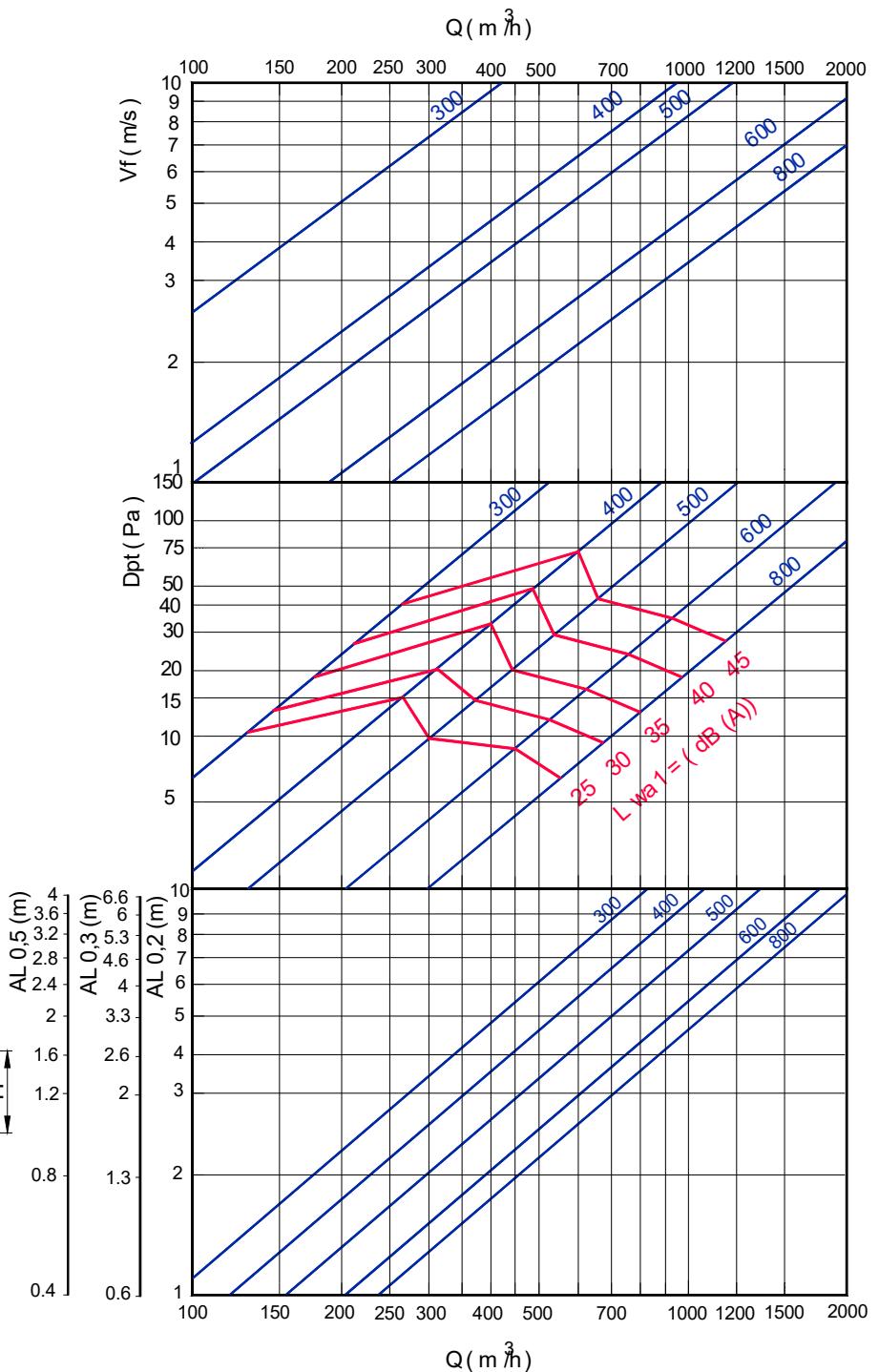


AL_{0.2A}

AL_{0.2B+H}

AL_{0.2C+H}

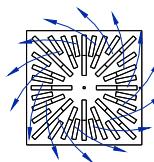
FREE VELOCITY, PRESSURE LOSS AND SOUND POWER LEVEL,
THROW WITH CEILING EFFECT.



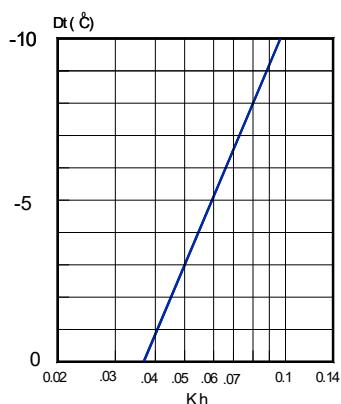
Note: In MadelMedia Octava band centre frequency in Hz



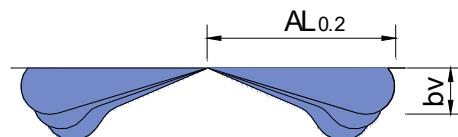
AXO-SX (Same technical data for 600, 610, 625 or 675)



CORRECTION FACTOR FOR VERTICAL DIFFUSION (bV) FOR DT (-).

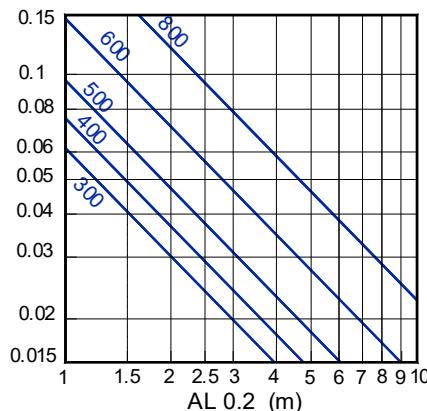


Kh = Correction factor for the vertical diffusion.

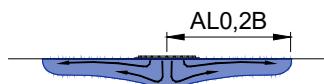


TEMPERATURE RATIO.

$$\frac{D_{t1}}{D_{tz}} = \frac{t_{room} - t_x}{t_{room} - t_{supply}}$$



TYPE B. 50% POSITION 1 AND 50% POSITION 2



$$i = \frac{Q_r}{Q_0} = \frac{Q \text{ total at } x}{Q \text{ of supply}}$$

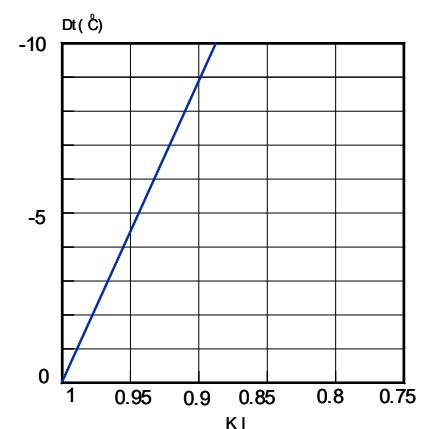
CORRECTION FACTOR FOR THROW TYPE B.

| AXO-SX | KB |
|--------|------|
| 400 | 0,75 |
| 500 | 0,65 |
| 600 | 0,6 |
| 800 | 0,65 |

$$AL0,2B = KB * AL0,2$$

EXAMPLE:
AXO-SX-800
 $Q = 800 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$
 $AL0,2 = 4,25 \text{ m}$
 $AL0,2B = 0,6 * 4,25 = 2,55 \text{ m}$
 $i = 28$

CORRECTON FACTOR FOR THROW (L0.2) DT (-)



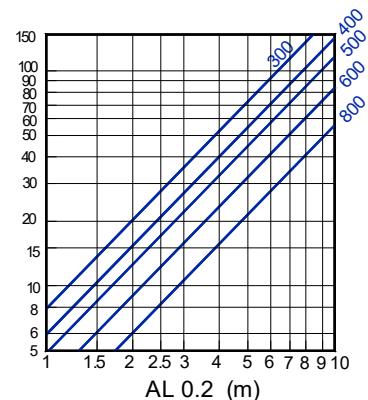
KI = Correction factor for the throw.

$$bV = Kh \times AL_{0.2}$$

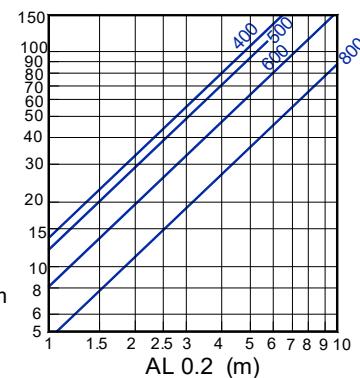
$$AL'_{0.2} (Dt < 0) = KI \times AL_{0.2}$$

INDUCTION RATIO.

$$i = \frac{Q_r}{Q_0} = \frac{Q \text{ total at } x}{Q \text{ of supply}}$$

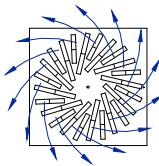


INDUCTION RATIO. TYPE B.





AXO-SY (Same technical data for 600, 610, 625 or 675)



RECOMMENDED VELOCITY.

| AXO-SY | Vmin m/s | Vmax m/s |
|--------|-------------|-------------|
| 300 | 2,5 | 6,6 |
| 400 | 2,5 | 6,8 |
| 500 | 2,5 | 6,1 |
| 600 | 2,5 | 5,3 |
| 800 | 2,5 | 4,5 |

FREE FACE AREA (m²).

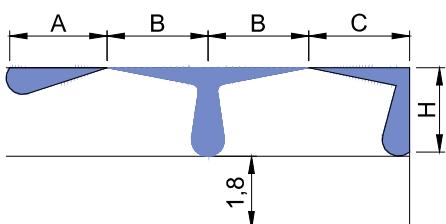
| AXO-SY | Afree m ² | Qmin. m ³ /h | Qmax. m ³ /h |
|--------|-------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| 300 | .01 | 90 | 240 |
| 400 | .0181 | 163 | 445 |
| 500 | .025 | 225 | 555 |
| 600 | .044 | 387 | 840 |
| 800 | .068 | 612 | 1105 |

CORRECTION FACTOR FOR DPt AND Lwa1.

| BOXSTAR-R | 100% Open | | | 50% Open | | | 10% Open | | |
|-----------|-----------|---|-----|----------|-----------|------|----------|------|--|
| | Dpt (Kp) | 1 | 1,2 | 2,4 | Lwa1 (Kf) | +0,8 | +1,4 | +0,2 | |
| 300 | Dpt (Kp) | 1 | 1,2 | 2,4 | Lwa1 (Kf) | +0,8 | +1,4 | +0,2 | |
| 400 | Dpt (Kp) | 1 | 2 | 2,3 | Lwa1 (Kf) | +0,8 | +2,2 | +1,9 | |
| 500 | Dpt (Kp) | 1 | 1,4 | 4 | Lwa1 (Kf) | +0,8 | +2,1 | +1,7 | |
| 600 | Dpt (Kp) | 1 | 1,5 | 4,8 | Lwa1 (Kf) | +0,9 | +5,1 | +7 | |
| 800 | Dpt (Kp) | 1 | 1,7 | 4,5 | Lwa1 (Kf) | +0,9 | +4,7 | +7,7 | |

$$DPt1 = Kp \times DPt$$

$$Lwa = Lwa1 + Kf$$

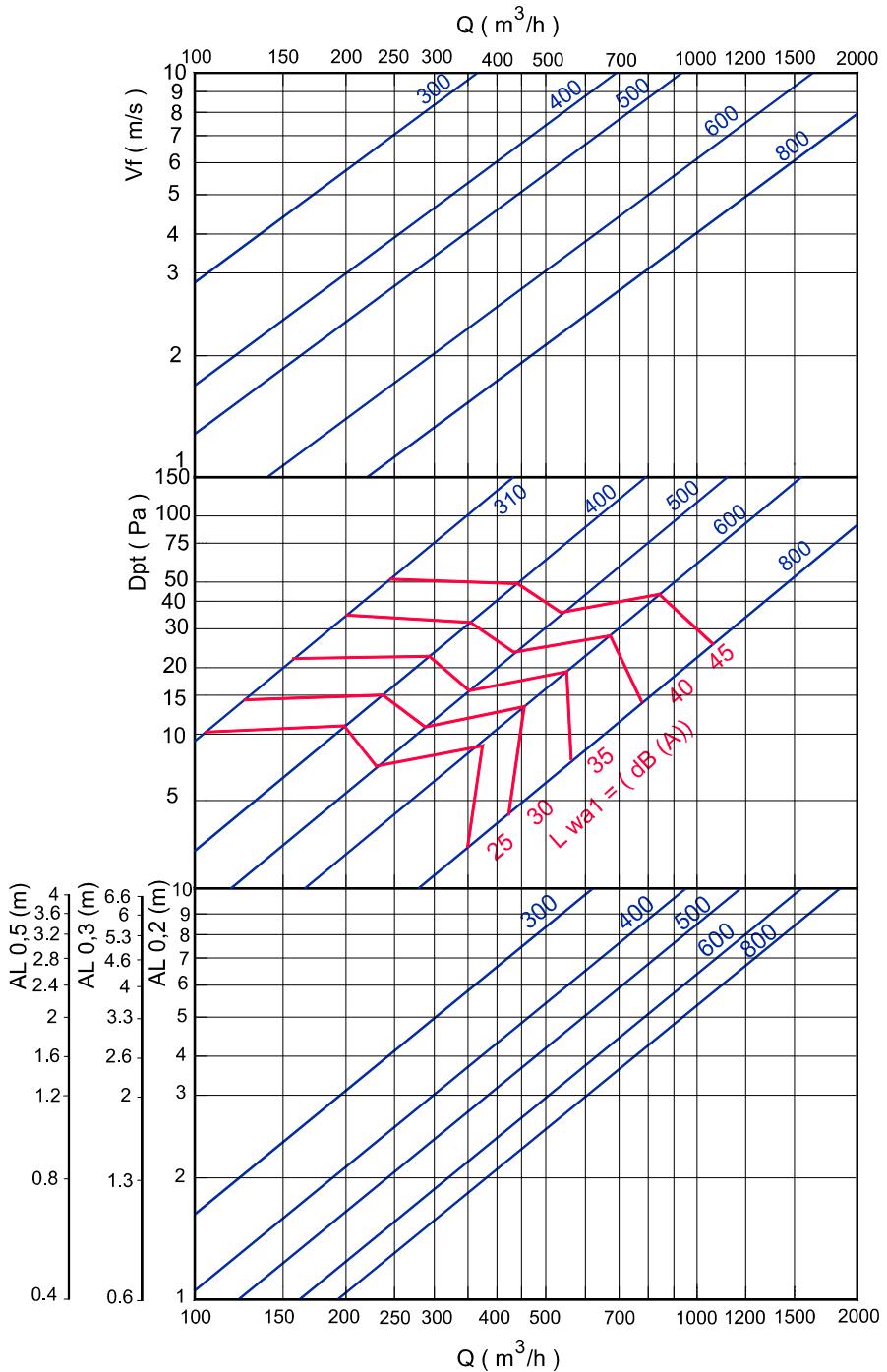


$$AL_{0,2} = A$$

$$AL_{0,2} = B + H$$

$$AL_{0,2} = C + H$$

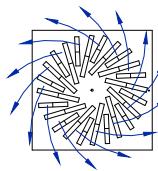
FREE VELOCITY, PRESSURE LOSS AND SOUND POWER LEVEL,
THROW WITH CEILING EFFECT.



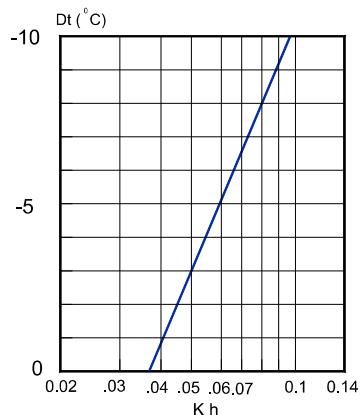
Note: In MadelMedia Octava band centre frequency in Hz.



AXO-SY (Same technical data for 600, 610, 625 or 675)

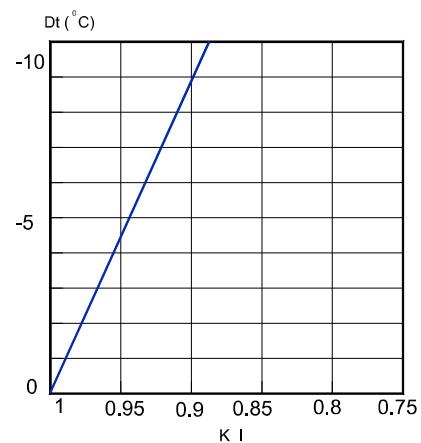


CORRECTION FACTOR FOR VERTICAL DIFFUSION (bV) FOR DT (-).



K_h = Correction factor for the vertical diffusion.

CORRECTON FACTOR FOR THROW (L0.2) DT (-).



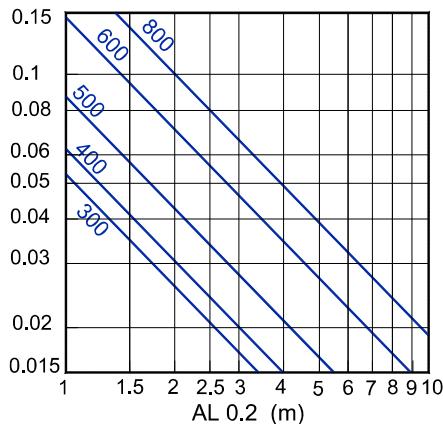
K_l = Correction factor for the throw.

$$bV = K_h \times AL_{0.2}$$

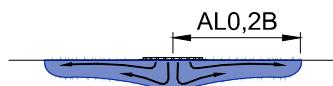
$$AL'_{0.2} (DT < 0) = K_l \times AL_{0.2}$$

TEMPERATURE RATIO.

$$\frac{Dt_z}{Dt_x} = \frac{t_{room} - t_x}{t_{room} - t_{supply}}$$



TYPE B. 50% POSITION 1 AND 50% POSITION 2.



$$i = \frac{Q_r}{Q_0} = \frac{Q \text{ total at } x}{Q \text{ of supply.}}$$

CORRECTION FACTOR FOR THROW TYPE B.

| AXO-SY | KB |
|--------|------|
| 500 | 0,75 |
| 600 | 0,75 |
| 800 | 0,7 |

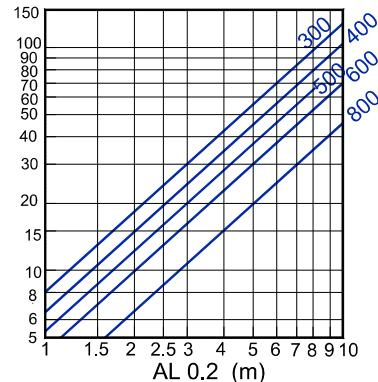
$$AL_{0.2B} = KB * AL_{0.2}$$

EXAMPLE:

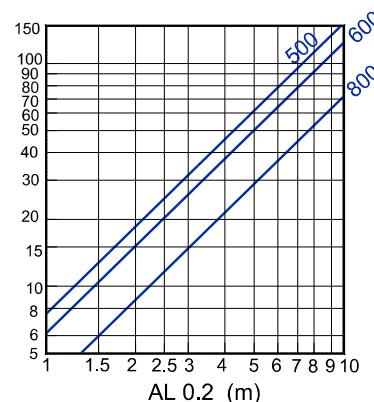
AXO-SY-600
 $Q = 600 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$
 $AL_{0.2} = 4 \text{ m}$
 $AL_{0.2B} = 0,74 * 4 = 3 \text{ m}$
 $i = 27$

INDUCTION RATIO.

$$i = \frac{Q_r}{Q_0} = \frac{Q \text{ total at } x}{Q \text{ of supply.}}$$

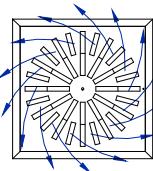


INDUCTION RATIO. TYPE B.





AXO-KLIN (Same technical data for 600, 610, 625 or 675)



RECOMMENDED VELOCITY.

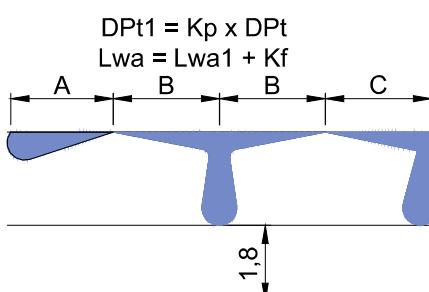
| AXO-S KLIN | Vmin m/s | Vmax m/s |
|------------|----------|----------|
| 400 | 2.5 | 5,9 |
| 500 | 2.5 | 5,4 |
| 600 | 2.5 | 5,3 |

FREE FACE AREA (m²).

| AXO-S KLIN | Afree m ² | Qmin. m ³ /h | Qmax. m ³ /h |
|------------|----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 400 | .0201 | 181 | 430 |
| 500 | .029 | 261 | 565 |
| 600 | .044 | 396 | 845 |

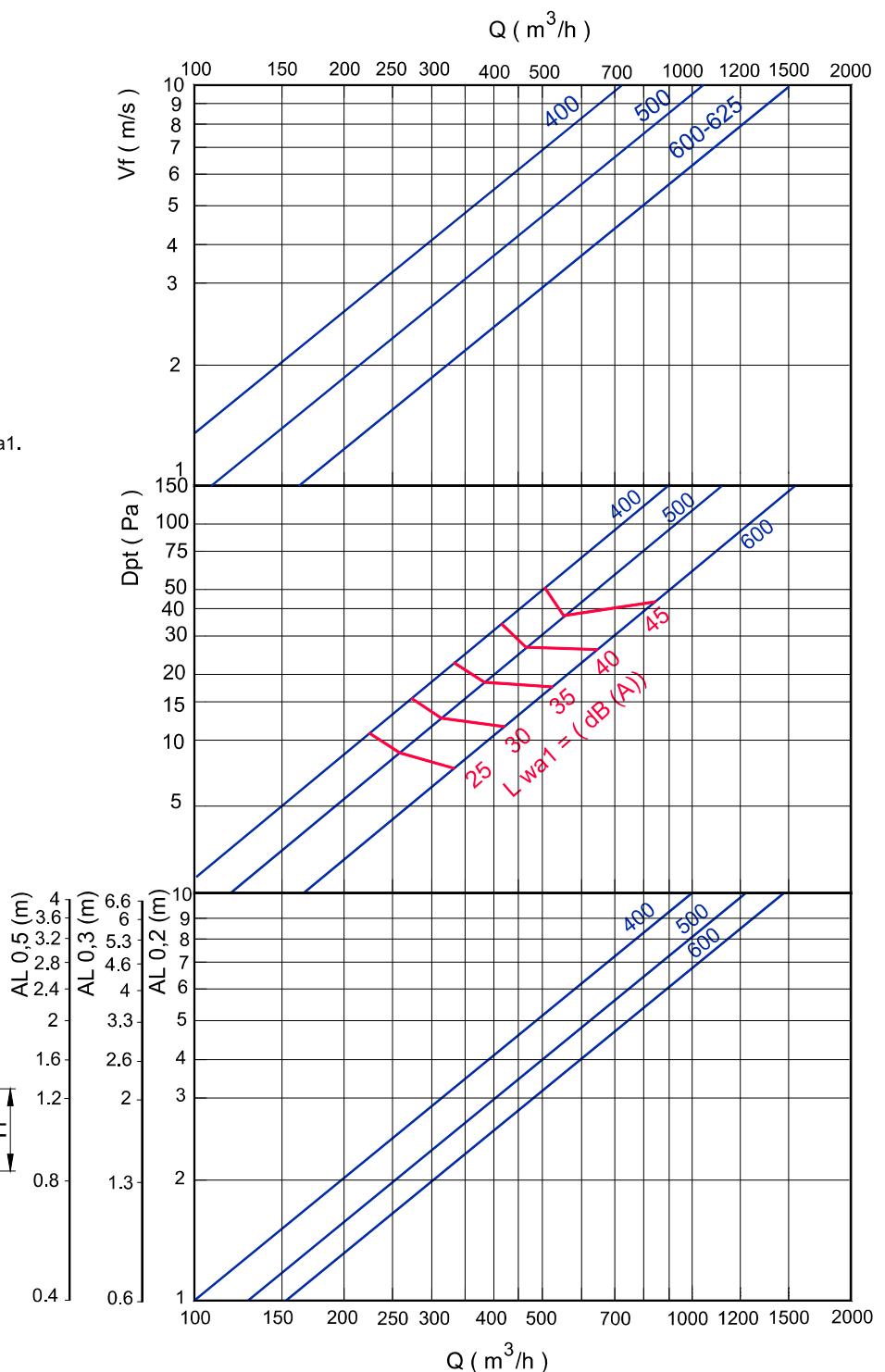
CORRECTION FACTOR FOR DPt AND Lwa1.

| | | 100% Open | 50% Open | 10% Open |
|-----|-----------|-----------|----------|----------|
| 400 | Dpt (Kp) | 1 | 1,2 | 2,3 |
| | Lwa1 (Kf) | +0,8 | +1,5 | +2,9 |
| 500 | Dpt (Kp) | 1 | 1,4 | 4 |
| | Lwa1 (Kf) | +0,8 | +2,1 | +2,8 |
| 600 | Dpt (Kp) | 1 | 1,5 | 4,8 |
| | Lwa1 (Kf) | +0,9 | +5,8 | +7,7 |



$$\begin{aligned} DPt_1 &= K_p \times DPt \\ Lwa &= Lwa1 + K_f \\ AL_{0.2} &= A \\ AL_{0.2} &= B + H \\ AL_{0.2} &= C + H \end{aligned}$$

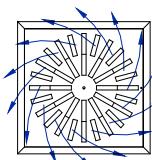
FREE VELOCITY, PRESSURE LOSS AND SOUND POWER LEVEL,
THROW WITH CEILING EFFECT.



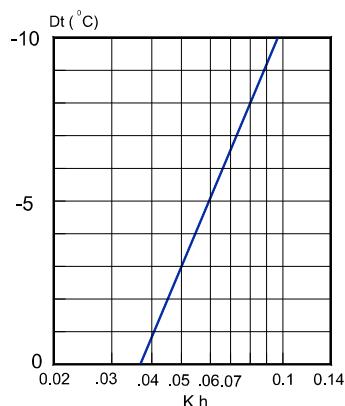
Note: In MadelMedia Octava band centre frequency in Hz.



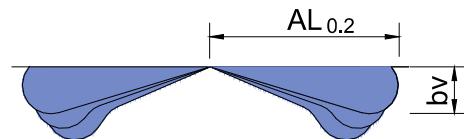
AXO-KLIN (Same technical data for 600, 610, 625 or 675)



CORRECTION FACTOR FOR VERTICAL DIFFUSION (bV) FOR DT (-).

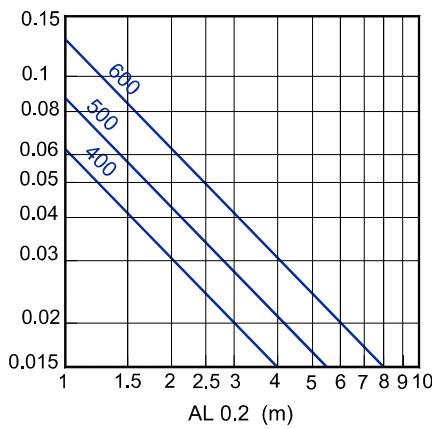


K_h = Correction factor for the vertical diffusion.

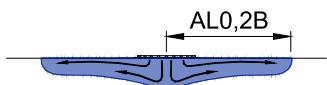


TEMPERATURE RATIO.

$$D_{tl} = \frac{t_{room} - t_x}{t_{room} - t_{supply}}$$



TYPE B. 50% POSITION 1 AND 50% POSITION 2.



$$i = \frac{Q_r}{Q_0} = \frac{Q \text{ total at } x}{Q \text{ of supply.}}$$

$$AL_{0.2B} = KB * AL_{0.2}$$

EXAMPLE:

AXO-S-KLIN-600-625

Q = 600 m³/h

AL_{0.2} = 4 m

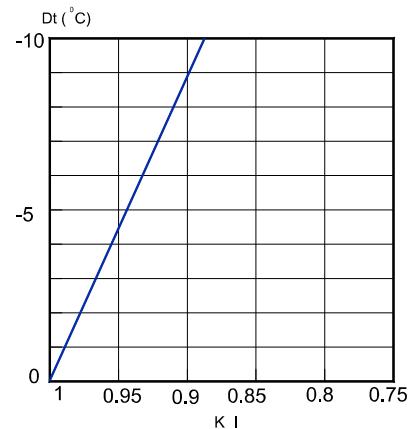
$$AL_{0.2B} = 0.74 * 4 = 2.96 \text{ m}$$

$$i = 28$$

CORRECTION FACTOR FOR THROW TYPE B.

| AXO-S KLIN | KB |
|---------------|------|
| 500 | 0,75 |
| 600 | 0,74 |

CORRECTON FACTOR FOR THROW (L0.2) DT (-).



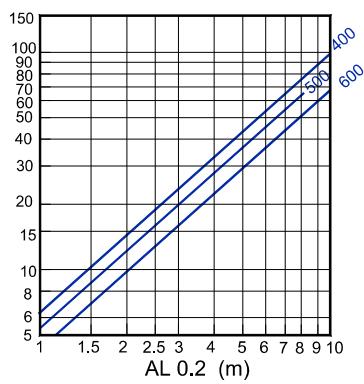
K_I = Correction factor for the throw.

$$bv = K_h \times AL_{0.2}$$

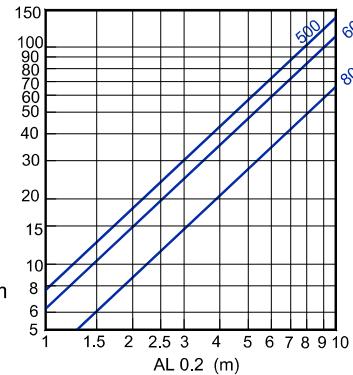
$$AL'_{0.2}(DT < 0) = K_I \times AL_{0.2}$$

INDUCTION RATIO.

$$i = \frac{Q_r}{Q_0} = \frac{Q \text{ total at } x}{Q \text{ of supply.}}$$

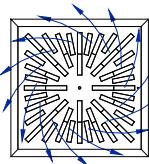


INDUCTION RATIO. TYPE B.





AXO-KLIN (Same technical data for 600, 610, 625 or 675)



RECOMMENDED VELOCITY.

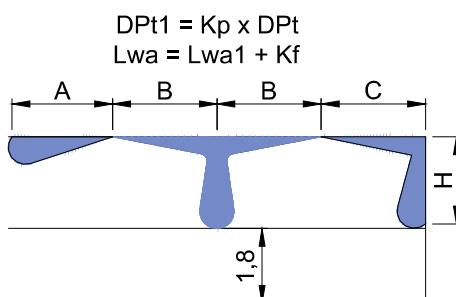
| AXO-SX KLIN | Vmin m/s | Vmax m/s |
|----------------|-------------|-------------|
| 400 | 2,5 | 6,9 |
| 500 | 2,5 | 5,6 |
| 600 | 2,5 | 4,2 |

FREE FACE AREA (m²).

| AXO-SX KLIN | Afree m ² | Qmin. m ³ /h | Qmax. m ³ /h |
|----------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| 400 | .024 | 216 | 598 |
| 500 | .032 | 288 | 652 |
| 600 | .058 | 522 | 880 |

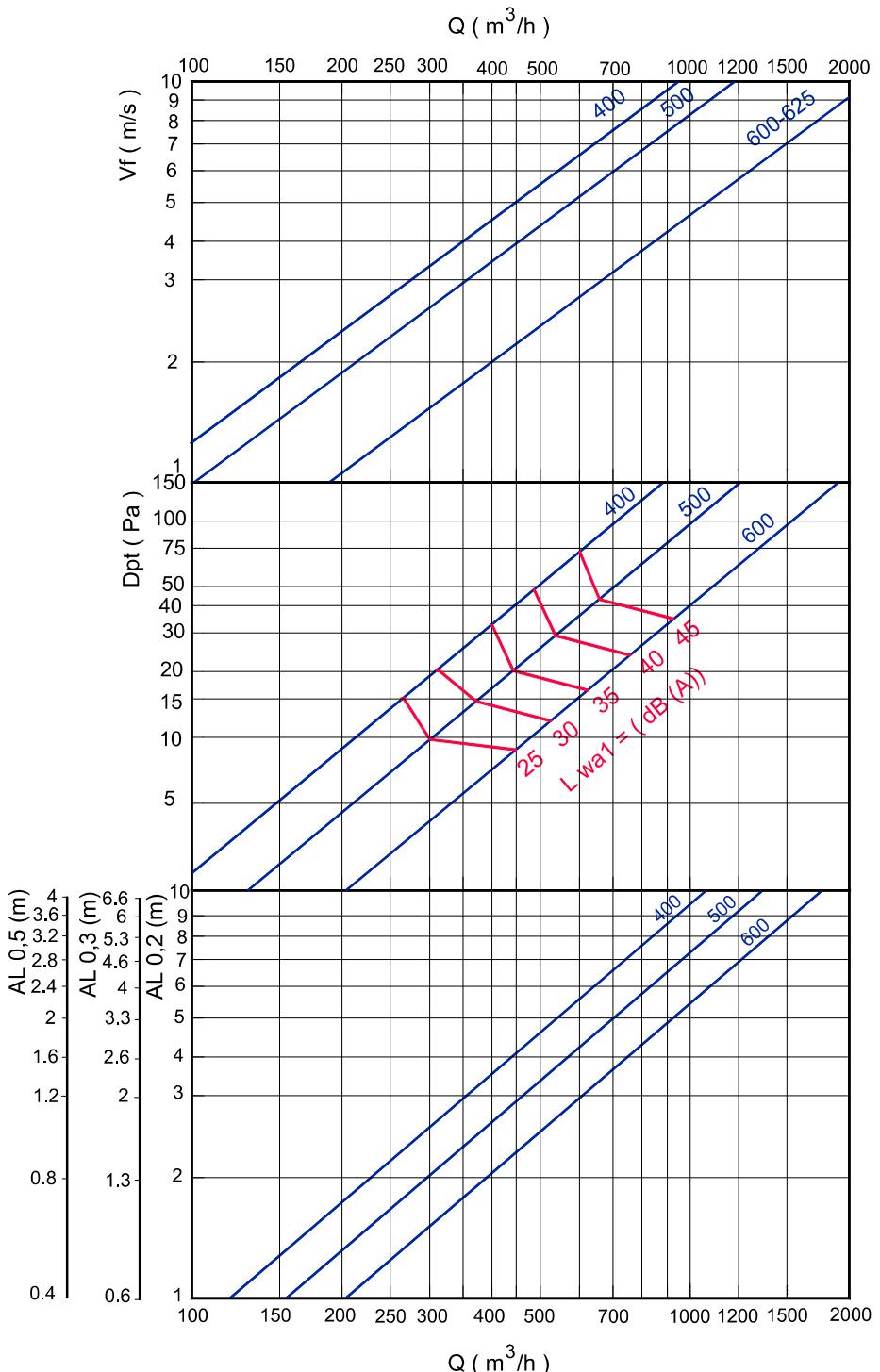
CORRECTION FACTOR FOR DPt AND Lwa1.

| | | 100% Open | 50% Open | 10% Open |
|-----|-----------|-----------|----------|----------|
| 400 | Dpt (Kp) | 1 | 1,2 | 2,6 |
| | Lwa1 (Kf) | +0,8 | +2,1 | +2 |
| 500 | Dpt (Kp) | 1 | 1,4 | 4 |
| | Lwa1 (Kf) | +0,9 | +2 | +1 |
| 600 | Dpt (Kp) | 1 | 1,5 | 4,8 |
| | Lwa1 (Kf) | +0,8 | +4,8 | +5,2 |



$$\begin{aligned} AL_{0.2} &= A \\ AL_{0.2} &= B+H \\ AL_{0.2} &= C+H \end{aligned}$$

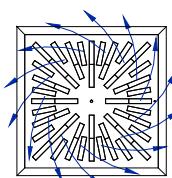
FREE VELOCITY, PRESSURE LOSS AND SOUND POWER LEVEL,
THROW WITH CEILING EFFECT.



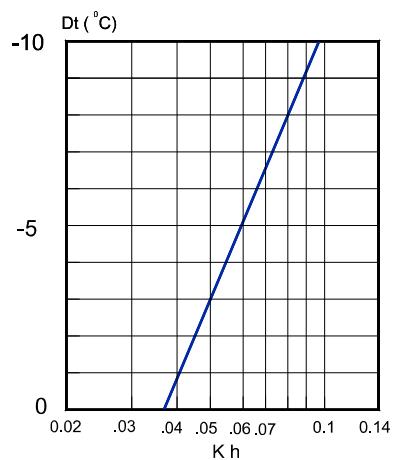
Note: In MadelMedia Octava band centre frequency in Hz.



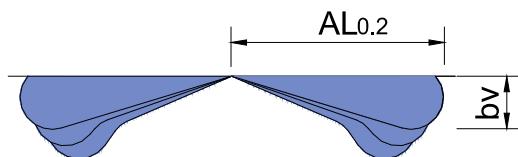
AXO-KLIN (Same technical data for 600, 610, 625 or 675)



CORRECTION FACTOR FOR
VERTICAL DIFFUSION (bV)
FOR DT (-).

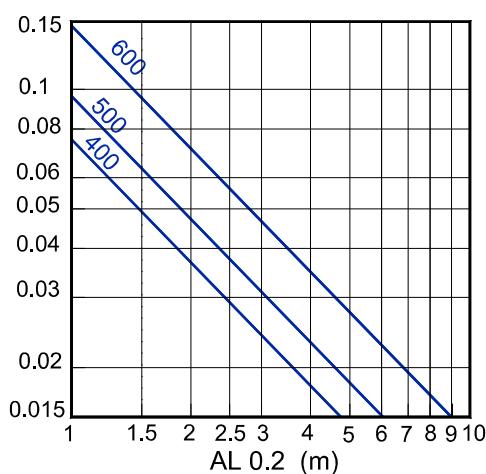


K_h = Correction factor for the vertical diffusion.

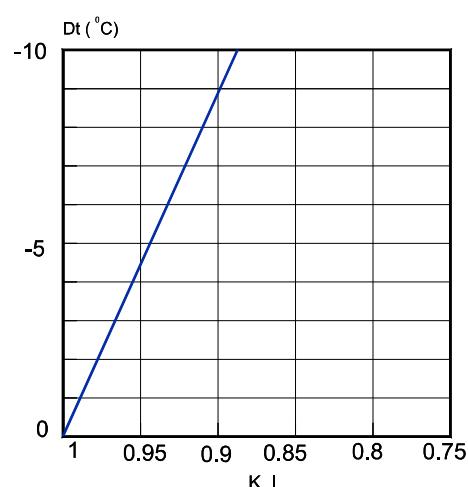


TEMPERATURE RATIO.

$$D_{tl} = \frac{t_{room} - t_x}{t_{room} - t_{supply}}$$



CORRECTON FACTOR FOR
THROW (L0.2) DT (-).



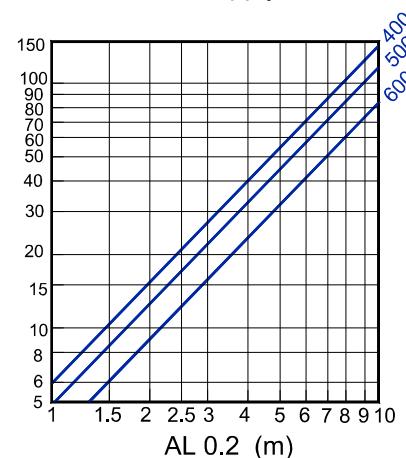
K_l = Correction factor for the throw.

$$bV = K_h \times AL_{0.2}$$

$$AL'_{0.2} (Dt < 0) = K_l \times AL_{0.2}$$

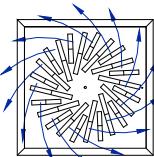
INDUCTION RATIO.

$$i = \frac{Q_r}{Q_0} = \frac{Q \text{ total at } x}{Q \text{ of supply.}}$$





AXO-KLIN (Same technical data for 600, 610, 625 or 675)



RECOMMENDED VELOCITY.

| AXO-SY KLIN | Vmin m/s | Vmax m/s |
|----------------|-------------|-------------|
| 400 | 2.5 | 6,8 |
| 500 | 2.5 | 6,1 |
| 600 | 2.5 | 5,3 |

FREE FACE AREA (m²).

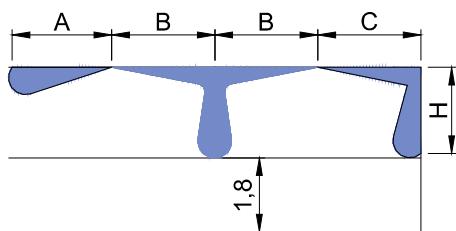
| AXO-SY KLIN | Afree m ² | Qmin. m ³ /h | Qmax. m ³ /h |
|----------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| 400 | .0181 | 163 | 445 |
| 500 | .025 | 225 | 555 |
| 600 | .044 | 387 | 840 |

CORRECTION FACTOR FOR DPt AND Lwa1.

| | | 100% Open | 50% Open | 10% Open |
|-----|-----------|--------------|-------------|-------------|
| 400 | Dpt (Kp) | 1 | 2 | 2,3 |
| | Lwa1 (Kf) | +0,8 | +2,2 | +1,9 |
| 500 | Dpt (Kp) | 1 | 1,4 | 4 |
| | Lwa1 (Kf) | +0,8 | +2,1 | +1,7 |
| 600 | Dpt (Kp) | 1 | 1,5 | 4,8 |
| | Lwa1 (Kf) | +0,9 | +5,1 | +7 |

$$DPt1 = Kp \times DPt$$

$$Lwa = Lwa1 + Kf$$

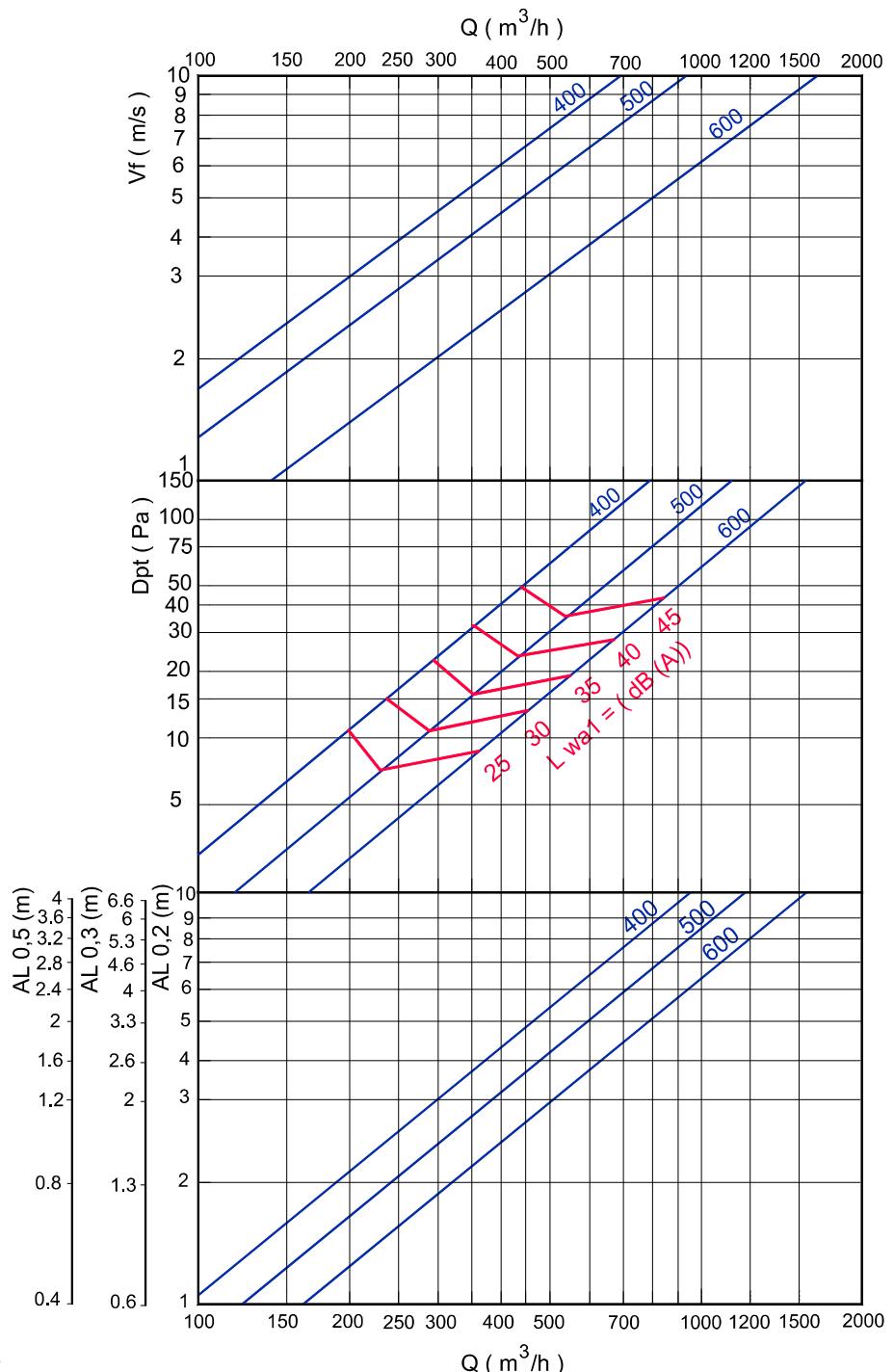


$$AL_{0.2} = A$$

$$AL_{0.2} = B + H$$

$$AL_{0.2} = C + H$$

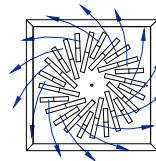
FREE VELOCITY, PRESSURE LOSS AND SOUND POWER LEVEL,
THROW WITH CEILING EFFECT.



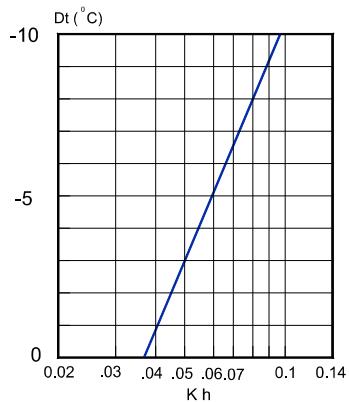
Note: In MadelMedia Octava band centre frequency in Hz.



AXO-KLIN (Same technical data for 600, 610, 625 or 675)

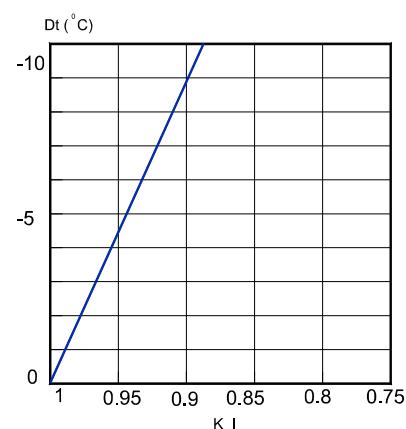


CORRECTION FACTOR FOR
VERTICAL DIFFUSION (bV)
FOR DT (-).



K_h = Correction factor for the vertical diffusion.

CORRECTON FACTOR FOR
THROW (L0.2) DT (-).



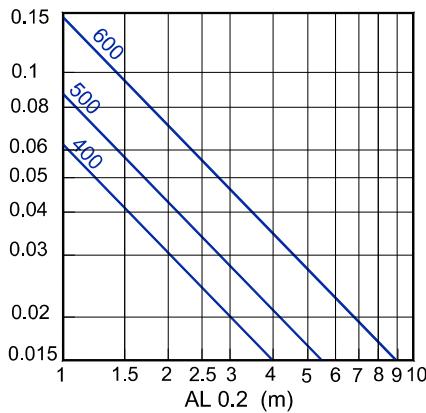
K_I = Correction factor for the throw.

$$b_V = K_h \times A_L 0.2$$

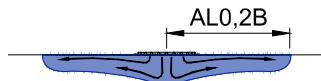
$$A_L' 0.2 (D_t < 0) = K_I \times A_L 0.2$$

TEMPERATURE RATIO.

$$\frac{D_{tl}}{D_{tz}} = \frac{t_{room} - t_x}{t_{room} - t_{supply}}$$



TYPE B. 50% POSITION 1 AND 50% POSITION 2.



$$i = \frac{Q_r}{Q_0} = \frac{Q \text{ total at } x}{Q \text{ of supply.}}$$

CORRECTION FACTOR FOR THROW TYPE B.

| | KB |
|---------|------|
| 500 | 0,75 |
| 600-625 | 0,75 |

$$AL_{0,2B} = KB * AL_{0,2}$$

EXAMPLE:

AXO-SY-KLIN-600-625

$Q = 600 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$

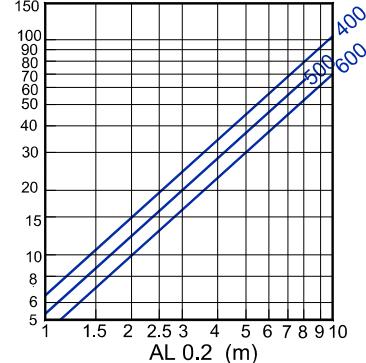
$AL_{0,2} = 4 \text{ m}$

$$AL_{0,2B} = 0,75 * 4 = 3 \text{ m}$$

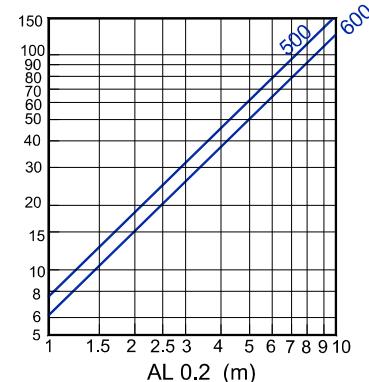
$$i = 27$$

INDUCTION RATIO.

$$i = \frac{Q_r}{Q_0} = \frac{Q \text{ total at } x}{Q \text{ of supply.}}$$

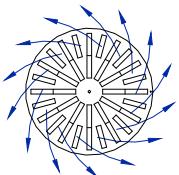


INDUCTION RATIO, TYPE B.





AXO-C



RECOMMENDED VELOCITY.

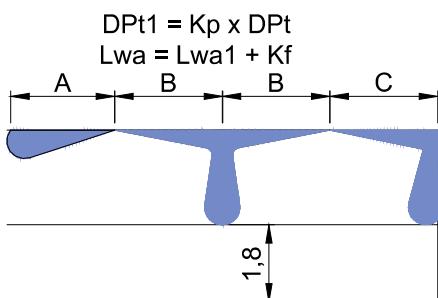
| AXO-C | Vmin m/s | Vmax m/s |
|-------|-------------|-------------|
| 300 | 2.5 | 6,5 |
| 400 | 2.5 | 5,9 |
| 500 | 2.5 | 5,4 |
| 625 | 2.5 | 5,3 |
| 825 | 2.5 | 4,2 |

FREE FACE AREA (m²).

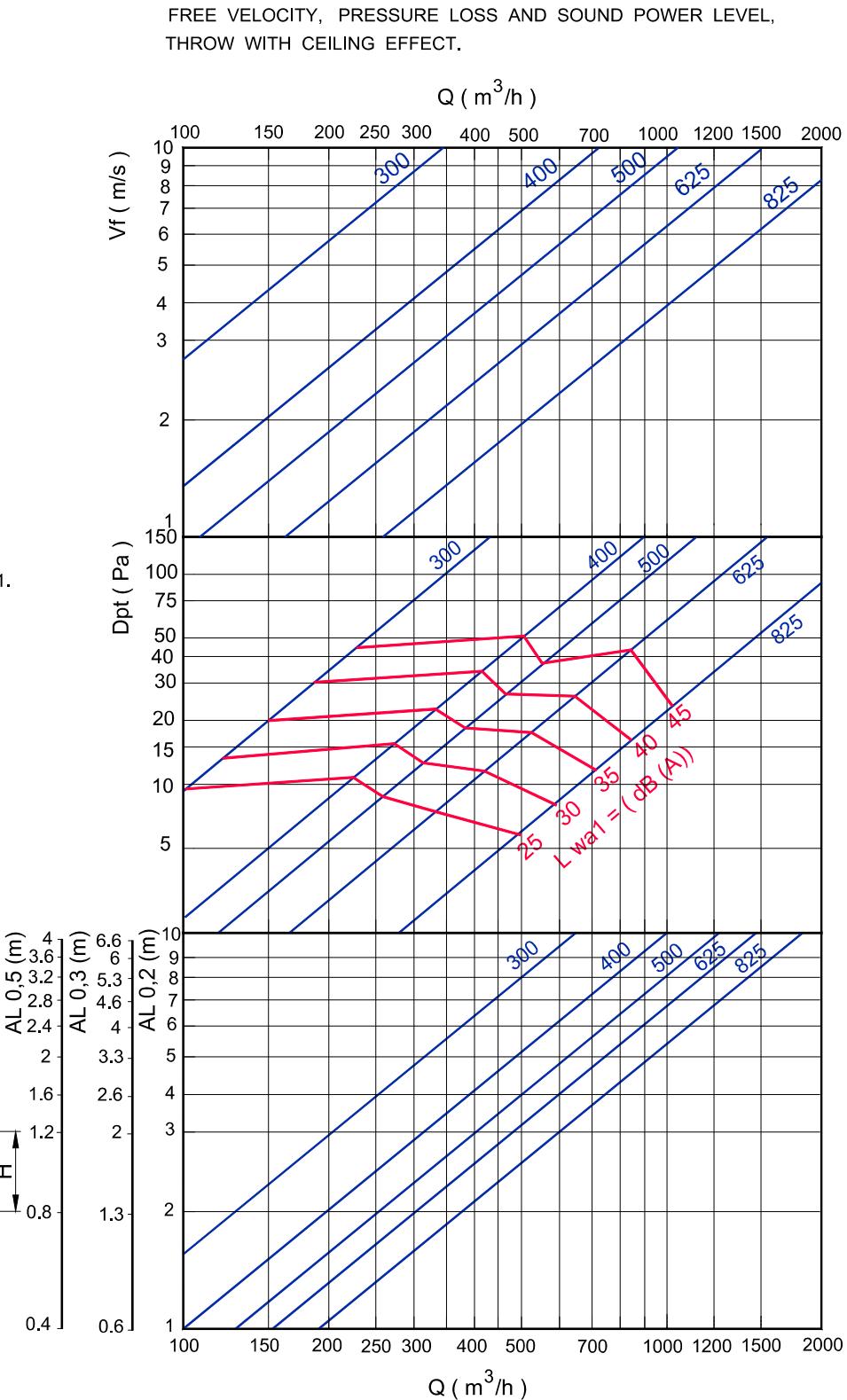
| AXO-C | Afree m ² | Qmin. m ³ /h | Qmax. m ³ /h |
|-------|-------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| 300 | .0096 | 87 | 225 |
| 400 | .0201 | 181 | 430 |
| 500 | .029 | 261 | 565 |
| 625 | .044 | 396 | 845 |
| 825 | .068 | 612 | 1025 |

CORRECTION FACTOR FOR DP_t AND L_{WA1}.

| | | 100% Open | 50% Open | 10% Open |
|-----|-----------|-----------|----------|----------|
| 300 | Dpt (Kp) | 1 | 1,2 | 2,4 |
| | Lwa1 (Kf) | +0,7 | +1,1 | +2,4 |
| 400 | Dpt (Kp) | 1 | 1,2 | 2,3 |
| | Lwa1 (Kf) | +0,8 | +1,5 | +2,9 |
| 500 | Dpt (Kp) | 1 | 1,4 | 4 |
| | Lwa1 (Kf) | +0,8 | +2,1 | +2,8 |
| 625 | Dpt (Kp) | 1 | 1,5 | 4,8 |
| | Lwa1 (Kf) | +0,9 | +5,8 | +7,7 |
| 825 | Dpt (Kp) | 1 | 1,7 | 4,5 |
| | Lwa1 (Kf) | +0,9 | +3,6 | +5,2 |



$$\begin{aligned} AL_{0.2} &= A \\ AL_{0.2} &= B + H \\ AL_{0.2} &= C + H \end{aligned}$$

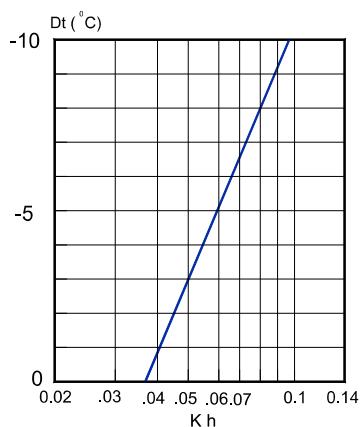


Note: In MadelMedia Octava band centre frequency in Hz.

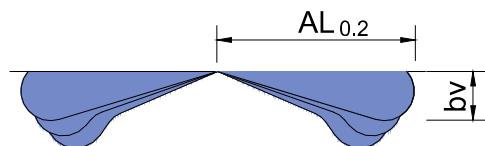


AXO-C

CORRECTION FACTOR FOR VERTICAL DIFFUSION (b_V) FOR DT (-).

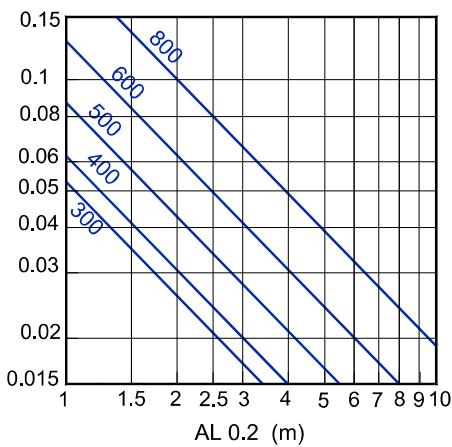


Kh = Correction factor for the vertical diffusion.

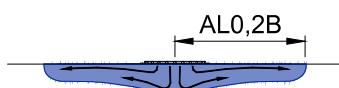


TEMPERATURE RATIO.

$$D_{tl} = \frac{t_{room} - t_x}{t_{room} - t_{supply}}$$



TYPE B. 50% POSITION 1 AND 50% POSITION 2.



$$i = \frac{Q_r}{Q_0} = \frac{Q \text{ total at } x}{Q \text{ of supply}}$$

CORRECTION FACTOR FOR THROW TYPE B.

| | KB |
|-----|------|
| 500 | 0,75 |
| 625 | 0,74 |
| 825 | 0,7 |

$$AL_{0.2B} = KB * AL_{0.2}$$

EXAMPLE:

AXO-C-600

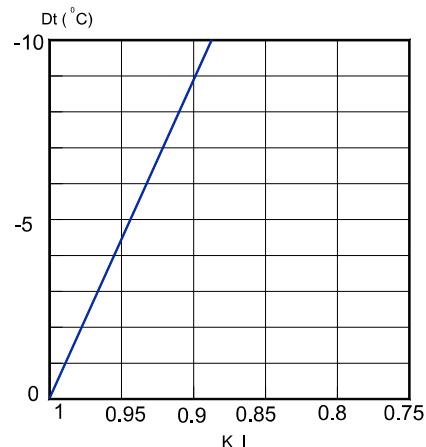
$Q = 600 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$

$AL_{0.2} = 4 \text{ m}$

$$AL_{0.2B} = 0,74 * 4 = 2,96 \text{ m}$$

$$i = 28$$

CORRECTON FACTOR FOR THROW ($L_{0.2}$) DT (-).



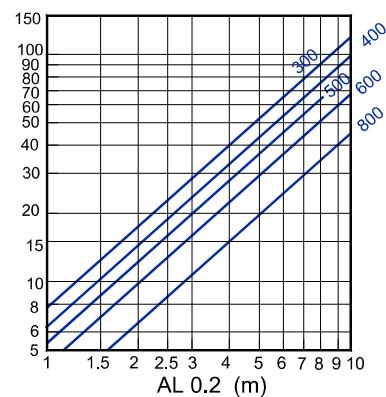
KI = Correction factor for the throw.

$$bv = Kh \times AL_{0.2}$$

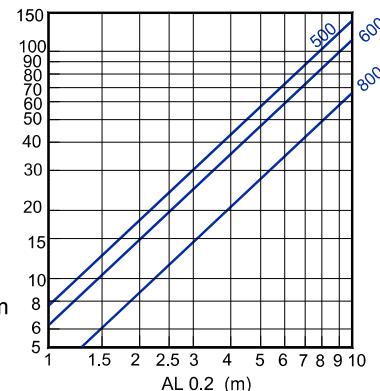
$$AL'_{0.2} (Dt < 0) = KI \times AL_{0.2}$$

INDUCTION RATIO.

$$i = \frac{Q_r}{Q_0} = \frac{Q \text{ total at } x}{Q \text{ of supply}}$$

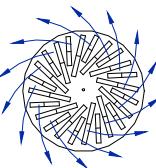


INDUCTION RATIO. TYPE B.





AXO-CY



RECOMMENDED VELOCITY.

| AXO-CY | Vmin m/s | Vmax m/s |
|--------|-------------|-------------|
| 300 | 2.5 | 6,6 |
| 400 | 2.5 | 6,8 |
| 500 | 2.5 | 6,1 |
| 625 | 2.5 | 5,3 |
| 825 | 2.5 | 4,5 |

FREE FACE AREA (m²).

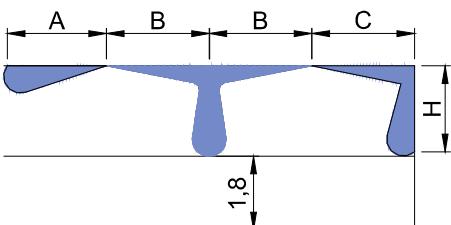
| AXO-CY | Afree m ² | Qmin. m ³ /h | Qmax. m ³ /h |
|--------|-------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| 300 | .01 | 90 | 240 |
| 400 | .0181 | 163 | 445 |
| 500 | .025 | 225 | 555 |
| 625 | .044 | 387 | 840 |
| 825 | .068 | 612 | 1105 |

CORRECTION FACTOR FOR DPt AND Lwa1.

| | | 100% Open | 50% Open | 10% Open |
|-----|-----------|--------------|-------------|-------------|
| 300 | Dpt (Kp) | 1 | 1,2 | 2,4 |
| | Lwa1 (Kf) | +0,8 | +1,4 | +0,2 |
| 400 | Dpt (Kp) | 1 | 2 | 2,3 |
| | Lwa1 (Kf) | +0,8 | +2,2 | +1,9 |
| 500 | Dpt (Kp) | 1 | 1,4 | 4 |
| | Lwa1 (Kf) | +0,8 | +2,1 | +1,7 |
| 625 | Dpt (Kp) | 1 | 1,5 | 4,8 |
| | Lwa1 (Kf) | +0,8 | +5,1 | +7 |
| 825 | Dpt (Kp) | 1 | 1,7 | 4,5 |
| | Lwa1 (Kf) | +0,9 | +4,4 | +7,8 |

$$DPt1 = Kp \times DPt$$

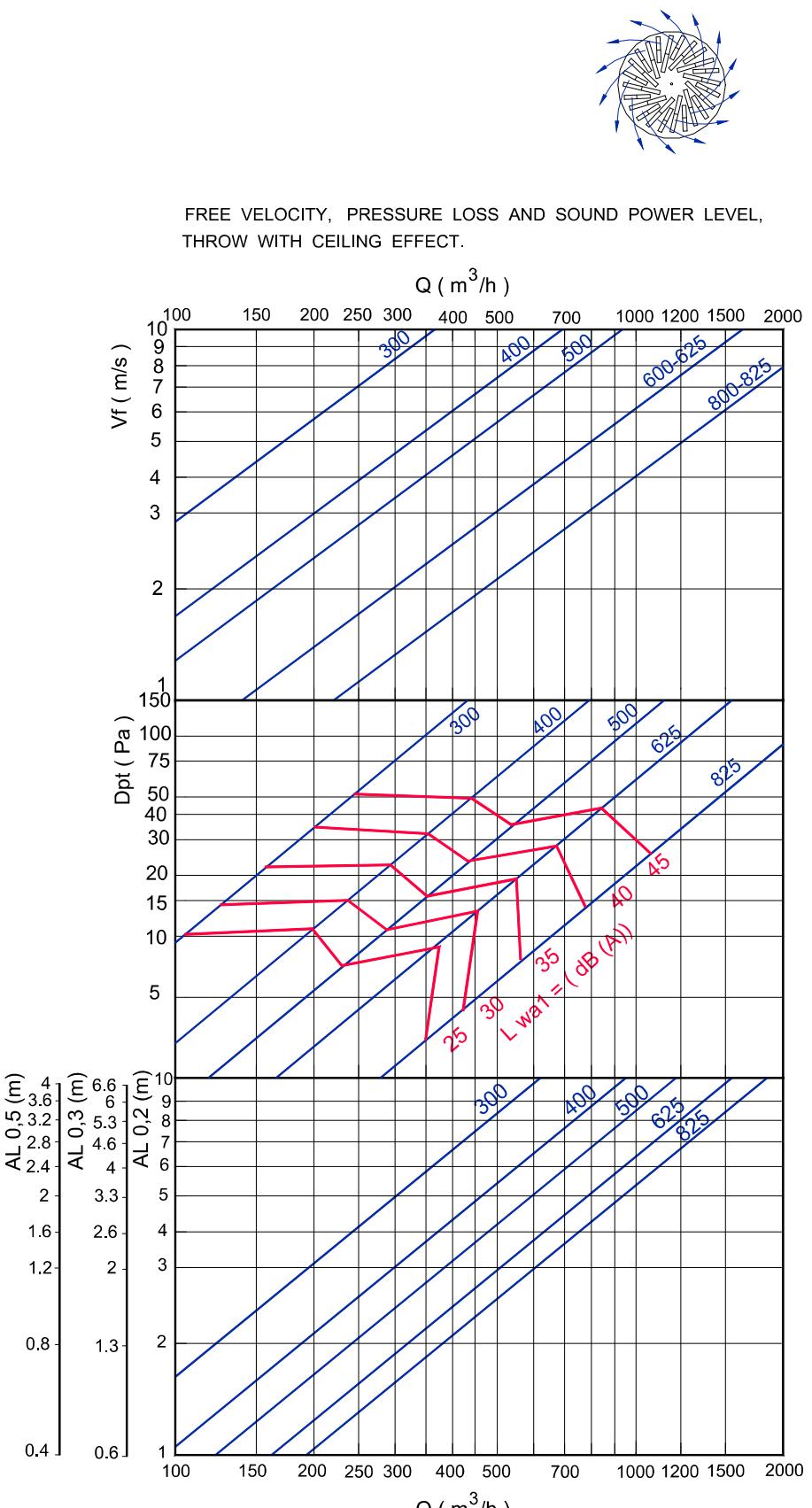
$$Lwa = Lwa1 + Kf$$



$$AL_{0.2} = A$$

$$AL_{0.2} = B + H$$

$$AL_{0.2} = C + H$$

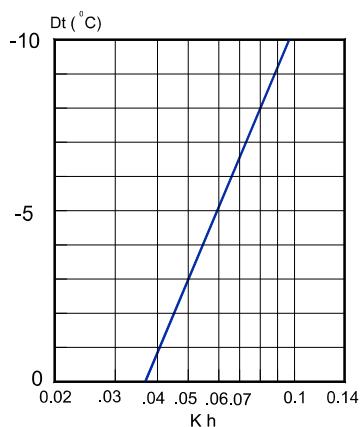


Note: In MadelMedia Octava band centre frequency in Hz.

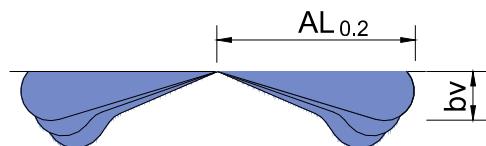


AXO-CY

CORRECTION FACTOR FOR VERTICAL DIFFUSION (b_V) FOR DT (-).

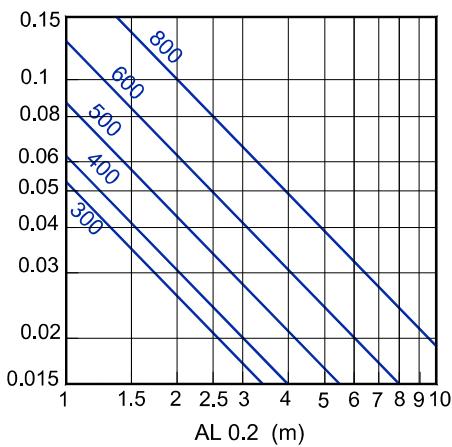


K_h = Correction factor for the vertical diffusion.

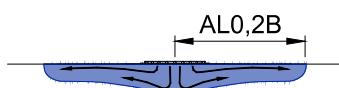


TEMPERATURE RATIO.

$$D_{tl} = \frac{t_{room} - t_x}{t_{room} - t_{supply}}$$



TYPE B. 50% POSITION 1 AND 50% POSITION 2.



$$i = \frac{Q_r}{Q_0} = \frac{Q \text{ total at } x}{Q \text{ of supply}}$$

CORRECTION FACTOR FOR THROW TYPE B.

| | K_B |
|-----|-------|
| 500 | 0,75 |
| 625 | 0,74 |
| 825 | 0,7 |

$$AL_{0.2B} = K_B * AL_{0.2}$$

EXAMPLE:

AXO-C-600

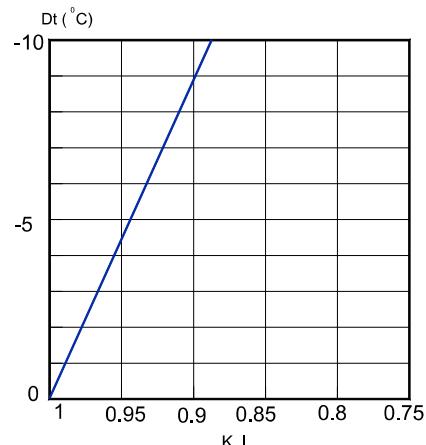
$Q = 600 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$

$AL_{0.2} = 4 \text{ m}$

$$AL_{0.2B} = 0,74 * 4 = 2,96 \text{ m}$$

$$i = 28$$

CORRECTON FACTOR FOR THROW ($L_{0.2}$) DT (-).



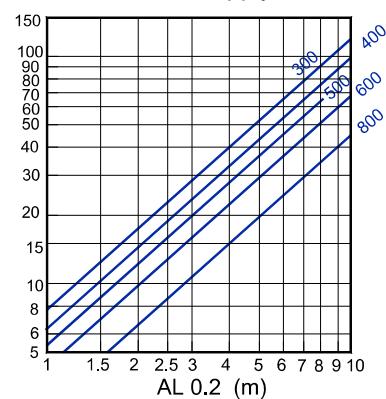
K_l = Correction factor for the throw.

$$b_V = K_h * AL_{0.2}$$

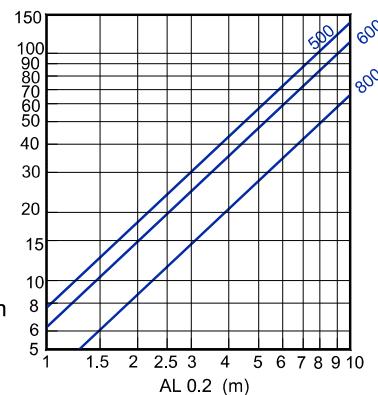
$$AL'_{0.2} (D_t < 0) = K_l * AL_{0.2}$$

INDUCTION RATIO.

$$i = \frac{Q_r}{Q_0} = \frac{Q \text{ total at } x}{Q \text{ of supply}}$$

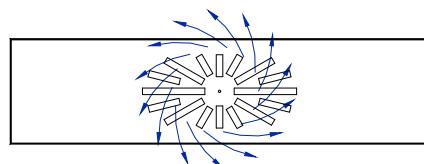


INDUCTION RATIO. TYPE B.





AXO-R (Technical data geometry GC equal to AXO-S)



RECOMMENDED VELOCITY.

| AXO-GR | Vmin m/s | Vmax m/s |
|--------|-------------|-------------|
| 400 | 2,5 | 6,8 |
| 500 | 2,5 | 6,1 |
| 600 | 2,5 | 5,3 |

FREE FACE AREA (m²).

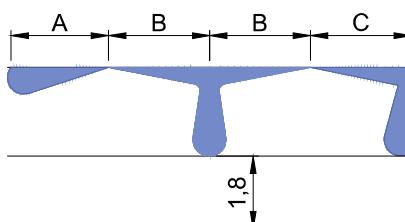
| AXO-GR | Afree m ² | Qmin. m ³ /h | Qmax. m ³ /h |
|--------|-------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| 400 | .0181 | 163 | 445 |
| 500 | .025 | 225 | 555 |
| 625 | .044 | 387 | 840 |

CORRECTION FACTOR FOR DPt AND Lwa1.

| AXO-GR | | 100% Open | 50% Open | 10% Open |
|--------|-----------|-----------|----------|----------|
| 400 | Dpt (Kp) | 1 | 2 | 2,3 |
| | Lwa1 (Kf) | +0,8 | +2,2 | +1,9 |
| 500 | Dpt (Kp) | 1 | 1,4 | 4 |
| | Lwa1 (Kf) | +0,8 | +2,1 | +1,7 |
| 625 | Dpt (Kp) | 1 | 1,5 | 4,8 |
| | Lwa1 (Kf) | +0,8 | +5,1 | +7 |

$$DPt1 = Kp \times DPt$$

$$Lwa = Lwa1 + Kf$$

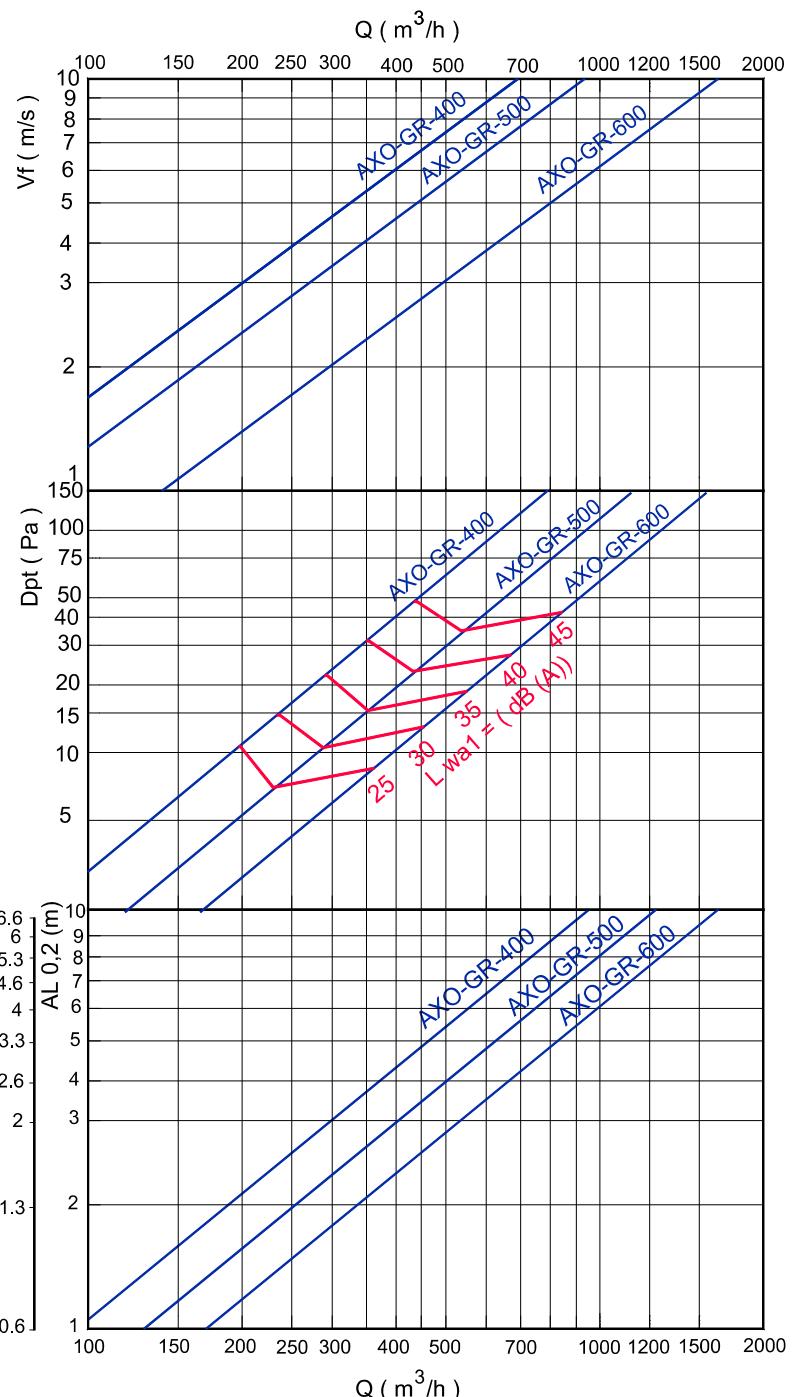


$$AL_{0.2} = A$$

$$AL_{0.2} = B + H$$

$$AL_{0.2} = C + H$$

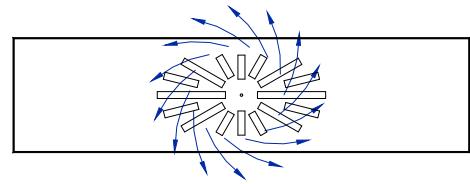
FREE VELOCITY, PRESSURE LOSS AND SOUND POWER LEVEL,
THROW WITH CEILING EFFECT.



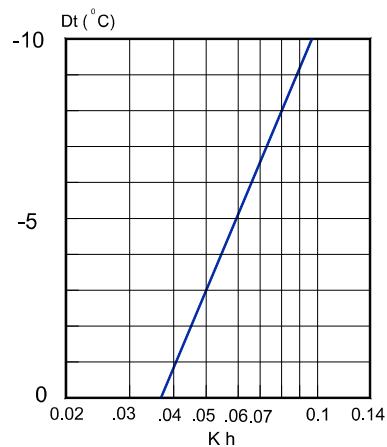
Note: In MadelMedia Octava band centre frequency in Hz.



AXO-R (Technical data geometry GC equal to AXO-S)

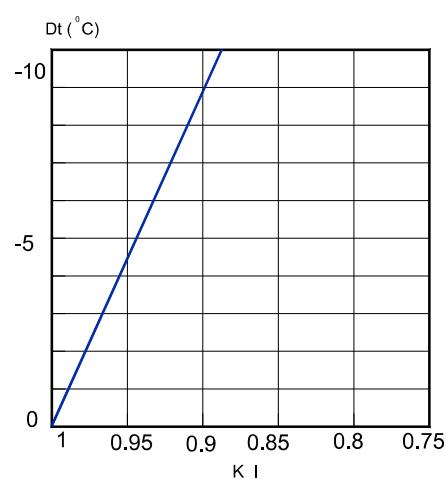


CORRECTION FACTOR FOR
VERTICAL DIFFUSION (bV)
FOR DT (-).



Kh = Correction factor for the vertical diffusion.

CORRECTON FACTOR FOR
THROW (L0.2) DT (-).



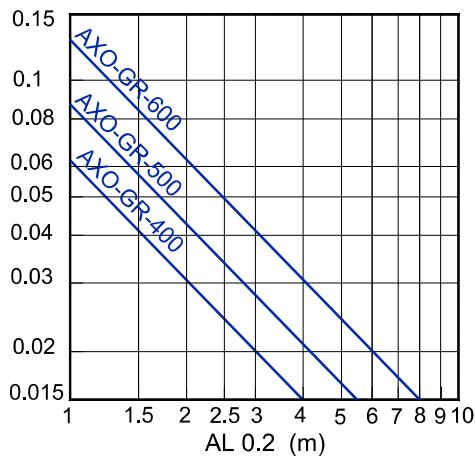
Kl = Correction factor for the throw.

$$bv = Kh \times AL_{0.2}$$

$$AL_{0.2} (Dt < 0) = Kl \times AL_{0.2}$$

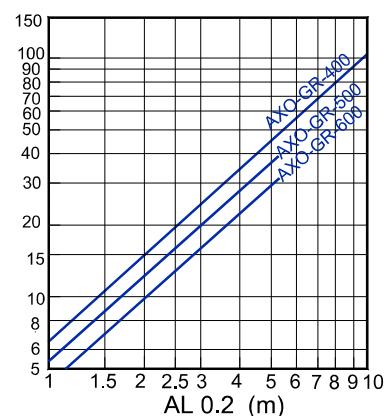
TEMPERATURE RATIO.

$$\frac{Dtl}{Dtz} = \frac{t_{\text{room}} - t_x}{t_{\text{room}} - t_{\text{supply}}}$$



INDUCTION RATIO.

$$i = \frac{Q_r}{Q_0} = \frac{Q \text{ total at } x}{Q \text{ of supply.}}$$





AXO series (Air return technical data)

CORRECTION FACTOR FOR VERTICAL THROW (Alv0,2) DT(+).

| AXO-S AXO-R-GC | DT(+0) | DT(+5) | DT(+10) |
|-------------------|--------|--------|---------|
| 300 (Kv) | 0,75 | 0,53 | 0,44 |
| 400 (Kv) | 0,76 | 0,54 | 0,47 |
| 500 (Kv) | 0,7 | 0,5 | 0,4 |
| 600 (Kv) | 0,8 | 0,7 | 0,53 |
| 800 (Kv) | 0,85 | 0,74 | 0,57 |

| AXO-SY | DT(+0) | DT(+5) | DT(+10) |
|----------|--------|--------|---------|
| 300 (Kv) | 0,75 | 0,53 | 0,44 |
| 400 (Kv) | 0,76 | 0,54 | 0,47 |
| 500 (Kv) | 0,7 | 0,5 | 0,4 |
| 600 (Kv) | 0,84 | 0,72 | 0,55 |
| 800 (Kv) | 0,85 | 0,74 | 0,57 |

| AXO-SX | DT(+0) | DT(+5) | DT(+10) |
|----------|--------|--------|---------|
| 300 (Kv) | 0,78 | 0,55 | 0,47 |
| 400 (Kv) | 0,81 | 0,56 | 0,5 |
| 500 (Kv) | 0,75 | 0,53 | 0,47 |
| 600 (Kv) | 0,89 | 0,74 | 0,57 |
| 800 (Kv) | 0,9 | 0,78 | 0,6 |

DT(+) = T supply - T room

EXAMPLE:

AXO-S-600

Q = 600 m³/h

DT(+5)

AL0,2 = 4 m

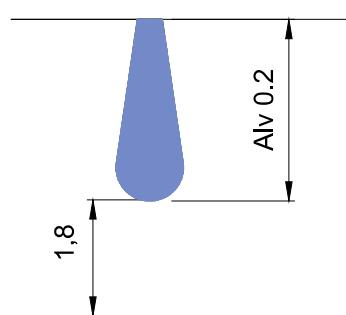
$$ALv0,2 = 0,7 * 4 = 2,8 \text{ m}$$

VERTICAL SUPPLY.

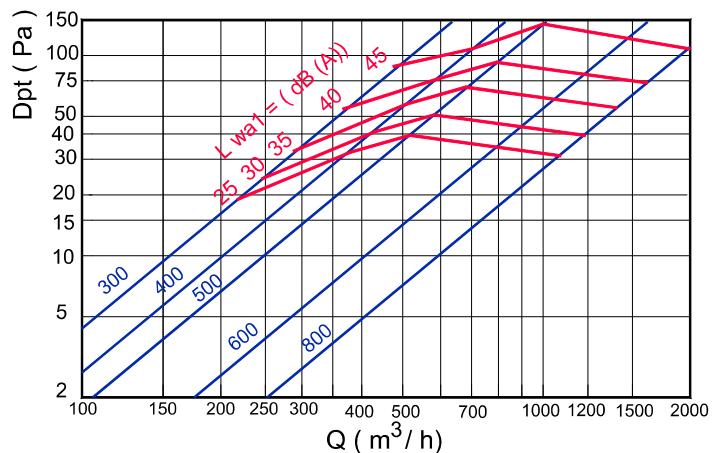
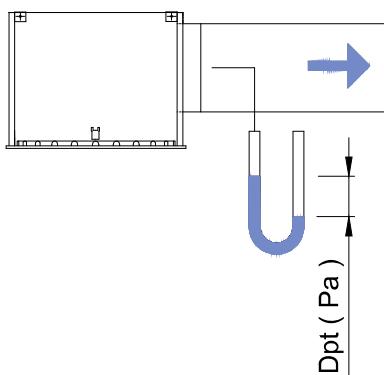


POSITION 2.

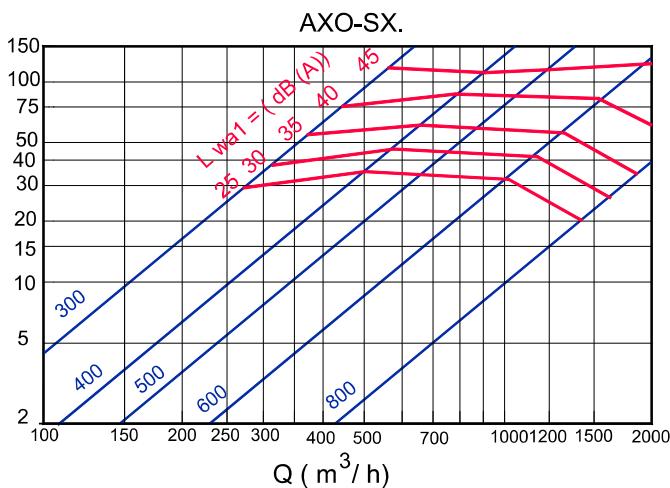
TYPE C. 100% POSITION 2.



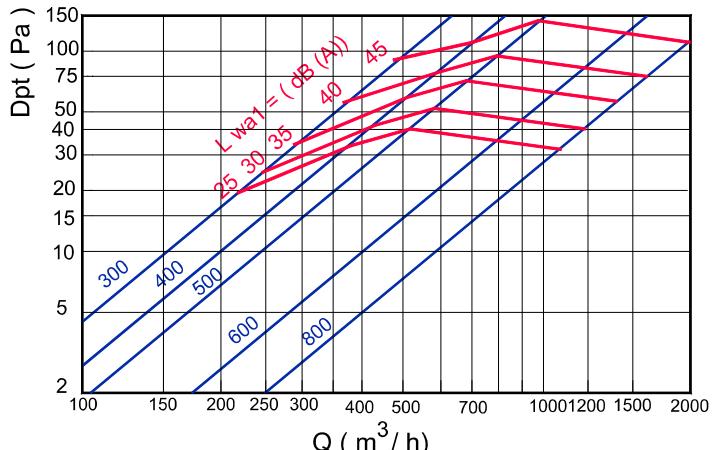
EXTRACT.



AXO-R-GC.
AXO-C.
AXO-S.



AXO-SX.



AXO-CY.
AXO-SY.