

we shape the air





WAAB-600 Active chilled beam – width 600

MADEL[°]

The WAAB-600 chilled beam is an air/water induction terminal unit that simultaneously provides the supply, thermal treatment and diffusion of supply air, to set internal conditions at the desired comfort levels. Chilled beams take advantage of the excellent thermal properties of water to guarantee optimal comfort levels, with minimal power consumption.

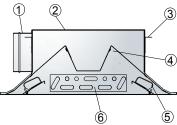
The ventilation air is injected through nozzles that cause the air to accelerate and force air induction in the room, through the battery. Subsequently, the two masses of air (the induced air and ventilation air) are supplied to the space that requires air-conditioning.

The main heat-transferring component in the WAAB-600 chilled beam is a battery, formed by copper tubing and aluminium blades. It also incorporates air ducts and a plenum for supplying the ventilation air, which has been pre-treated in a central air conditioning unit. The WAAB-600 chilled beam can be supplied with connections on the side or on the top, for both supply air and return air.

The unit can be adapted to modular ceilings measuring 600x600, 625x625 and 675x675 for T24 and T15 profiles. Thanks to its reduced size, it can also be installed in low-hanging false ceilings.



WAAB-600



- 1.-Air input neck
- 2.-Plenum
- 3.-Anchoring point for fixing
- 4.-Nozzles
- 5.-Adjustable deflector 6.-Accessible front panel

WAAB-600/.../.../L/...



4

WAAB-600/.../.../S/...



WAAB-600/4T/...

WAAB-600/2T/...



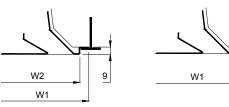








.../T15/ .../T24/



	11	T'	15	T24		
W _N	W ₁	W ₁	W ₂	W ₁	W ₂	
600	595	595	579	595	571	
625	620	620	604	620	596	
675	670	670	654	670	646	

CLASSIFICATION

WAAB-600 Beam for supply air.

- .../2T/ 2-tube battery
- .../4T/ 4-tube battery.
- .../LD/ Right side connection.
- .../LI/ Left side connection.
- .../S/ Top connection.

.../T15/ Support for dropped panel, 15-mm profile modular ceilings.

.../T24/ Support for dropped panel, 24-mm profile modular ceilings.

- .../KS/ Small discharge nozzles.
- .../KM/ Medium discharge nozzles.
- .../KL/ Large discharge nozzles.
- .../FC/ Front panel with circular perforations.
- .../FQ/ Front panel with square perforations
- .../FL/ Front panel with lineal aluminium grill.
- .../TY/ Type (see pages 5,6 and 7)

ACCESSORIES

DEF Deflecting blades (page 3)

SEL Air flow selector (page 3)

FIXING

1) Angle bracket for suspending from ceiling.

FINISH

R9016S Painted white RAL 9016 semi-matt (60-70% gloss)

R9010S Painted white RAL 9010 semi-matt (60-70% gloss)

RAL... Painted in other RAL colours

MATERIAL

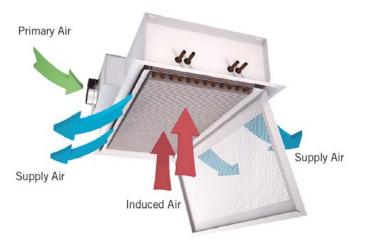
Galvanised steel body, ABS plastic deflective blades and battery with copper tubing and aluminium blades. The tubes connected to the battery have a diameter of 12 mm and a thickness of 1mm, in fulfilment of the EN 1057:1996 European Standard. The battery's maximum working pressure is 1 MPa.

SPECIFICATION TEXT

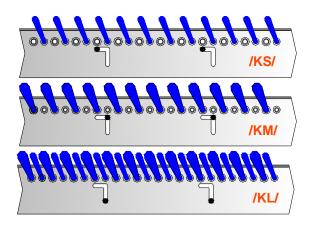
Supply and installation of active chilled beam for supply air and return air, with 4-tube battery, right side connection plenum, pre-set medium nozzles, circular perforated front panel, type LDR1, with deflective blades, WAAB-600 / 4T / LD / KM / FC / LDR1 1195x900 /+ DEF Built in lacquered white galvanised steel R9010S. Brand MADEL

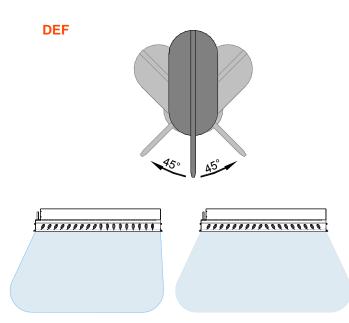






SEL





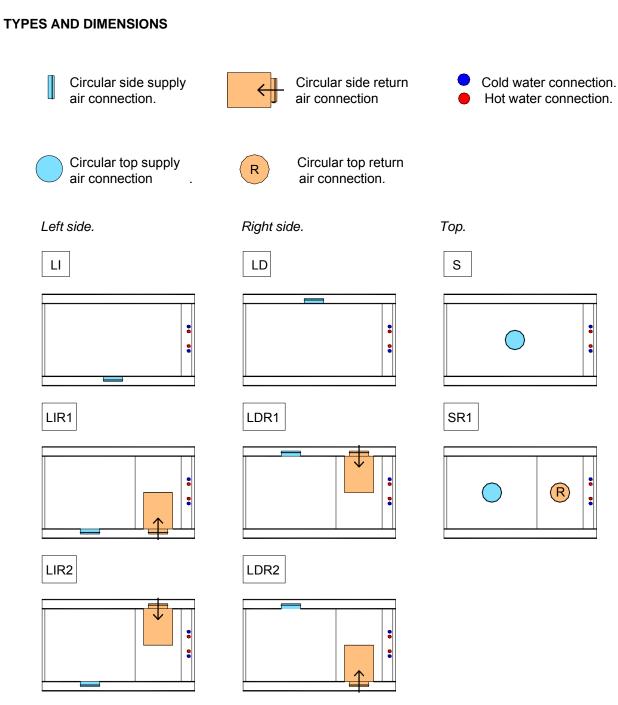
OPERATION & ACCESSORIES

The chilled beam has been designed so that it can be accessed easily for maintenance operations and adjusting the SEL and DEF accessories. For this, it has 4 fastening hinges, which keep the internal frame in position. By accessing and moving these hinges, the inner frame is released and can be removed.

SEL Air flow adjustment. The chilled beam can be supplied with a primary air flow adjustment system. This setting allows you to select between three air outlet settings. Thus, if a change in the project specifications, the adjustment of the primary air flow can be performed in the same facility.

DEF Modification of the air deflection angle. The chilled beam can be supplied with air deflectors located on the inner frame. This adjustment is made individually in a range from 0 to 45°, in such a way that it allows a great variety of different configurations of air delivery in the treated area.





The typological definition should indicate the type of configuration, followed by the nominal length (L_N) and the total length (L_1) .

 $E.g: LIR1 L_1 x L_N mm$

L₁ = 895...2995 mm

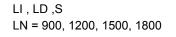
 L_N may only be supplied in standard lengths

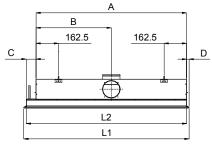
•

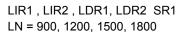
•

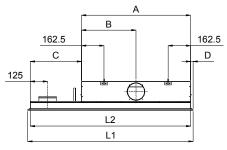


TYPES AND DIMENSIONS

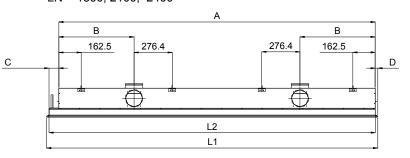




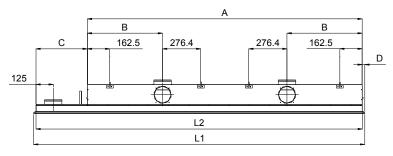




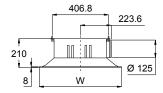
LI , LD ,S LN = 1800, 2100, 2400



LIR1 , LIR2 , LDR1, LDR2, SR1 LN = 1800, 2100, 2400



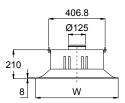
Configuration with side air connection



1.- WAAB 600 - LI, LD, S

	LI, LD, S												
L 1 (mm)	L _N (mm)	W (mm)	$W(mm) = L_2(I)$		$L_2 (mm)$ A (mm)		D (mm)	C (mm)		φ (mm)		
min	max		•• ()	min	max	A (IIIII)	B (mm)	<i>D</i> (11111)	min	max	φ ()		
895	2995	900	595	860	2960	788	394,0	18,5	71	2171	1-125		
1195	2995	1200	595	1160	2960	1088	544,0	18,5	71	1871	1-125		
1495	2995	1500	595	1460	2960	1388	694,0	18,5	71	1571	1-125		
1795	2995	1800	595	1760	2960	1688	844,0	18,5	71	1271	1-125		
2095	2995	2100	595	2060	2960	1988	450	18,5	71	971	2-125		
2395	2995	2400	595	2360	2960	2288	600	18,5	71	671	2-125		
2695	2995	2700	595	2660	2960	2588	750	18,5	71	371	2-125		
2995	2995	3000	595	2960	2960	2888	900	18,5	71	71	2-125		

Configuration with upper air connection





TYPES AND DIMENSIONS

2.- WAAB 600 - LIR, LDR

	LIR1 , LIR2 , LDR1 , LDR2, SR1												
L ₁ (mm)	L _N (mm)	W (mm)	L ₂ (mm)	A (mm)	B (mm)	D (mm)	C (mm)		ծ (mm)		
min	max		•• ()	min	max	A (IIIIII)			min	max	φ ()		
1195	2995	900	595	1160	2960	788	394,0	18,5	371	2171	1-125		
1495	2995	1200	595	1460	2960	1088	544,0	18,5	371	1871	1-125		
1795	2995	1500	595	1760	2960	1388	694,0	18,5	371	1571	1-125		
2095	2995	1800	595	2060	2960	1688	844,0	18,5	371	1271	1-125		
2395	2995	2100	595	2360	2960	1988	450	18,5	371	971	2-125		
2695	2995	2400	595	2660	2960	2288	600	18,5	371	671	2-125		
2995	2995	2700	595	2960	2960	2588	750	18,5	371	371	2-125		

3.- WAAB 625 - LI, LD, S

	LI, LD, S												
L , (mm)	L _N (mm)	W (mm)	$L_2 (mm)$		A (mm)	B (mm)	D (mm)	C (mm)		ծ (mm)		
min	max	$L_N(mn)$	•• ()	min max A (min) B (min)	<i>D</i> (<i>IIIII</i>)	min	max	φ ()					
932	2807	937	620	872	2747	788	394,0	31,0	83,0	1958,0	1-125		
1245	2807	1250	620	1185	2747	1088	544,0	31,0	96,0	1658,0	1-125		
1557	2807	1562	620	1497	2747	1388	694,0	31,0	108,0	1358,0	1-125		
1870	2807	1875	620	1810	2747	1688	844,0	31,0	121,0	1058,0	1-125		
2182	2807	2187	620	2122	2747	1988	450	31,0	133,0	758,0	2-125		
2495	2807	2500	620	2435	2747	2288	600	31,0	146,0	458,0	2-125		
2807	2807	2700	620	2747	2747	2588	750	32,0	158,0	158,0	2-125		

4.- WAAB 625 – LIR, LDR

	LIR1 , LIR2 , LDR1 , LDR2, SR1											
L 1 (mm)	1 (mm)	W (mm)	$L_2(mm)$		A (mm)	B (mm)	D (mm)	C (mm)		ծ (mm)	
min	max	L _N (mm)	•• (11111)	min	max	A (IIIII)		<i>D</i> (<i>IIIII)</i>	min	max	φ ()	
1245	2807	937	620	1185	2747	788	394,0	31,0	396,0	1958,0	1-125	
1557	2807	1250	620	1497	2747	1088	544,0	31,0	408,0	1658,0	1-125	
1870	2807	1562	620	1810	2747	1388	694,0	31,0	421,0	1358,0	1-125	
2182	2807	1875	620	2122	2747	1688	844,0	31,0	433,0	1058,0	1-125	
2495	2807	2187	620	2435	2747	1988	450	31,0	446,0	758,0	2-125	
2807	2807	2500	620	2747	2747	2288	600	32,0	458,0	458,0	2-125	

5.- WAAB 675 - LI, LD, S

	LI , LD, S												
L , (L ₁ (mm)		W (mm)	L ₂ (mm)	A (mm)	B (mm)	D (mm)	C (mm)		ծ (mm)		
min	max	L _N (mm)	vv (11111)	min	max	A (11111)	B (11111)	<i>D</i> (11111)	min	max	φ ()		
1007	2695	1012	670	897	2585	788	394,0	56,0	108,0	1796,0	1-125		
1345	2695	1350	670	1235	2585	1088	544,0	56,0	146,0	1496,0	1-125		
1682	2695	1687	670	1572	2585	1388	694,0	56,0	183,0	1196,0	1-125		
2020	2695	2025	670	1910	2585	1688	844,0	56,0	221,0	896,0	1-125		
2357	2695	2362	670	2247	2585	1988	450	56,0	258,0	596,0	2-125		
2695	2695	2700	670	2585	2585	2288	600	56,0	296,0	296,0	2-125		

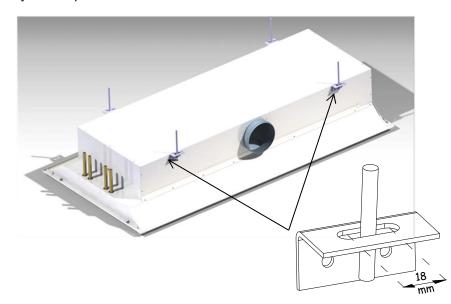
6.- WAAB 675 - LIR, LDR

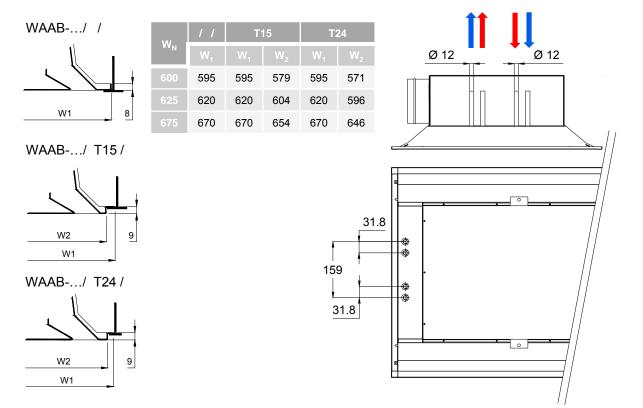
	LIR1 , LIR2 , LDR1 , LDR2, SR1												
L 1 (mm)		L _N (mm)	W (mm)	$L_2 (mm)$		A (mm)	B (mm)	D (mm)	C (mm)		ծ (mm)		
min	max	$L_N(mn)$	•• ()	min	max	~ ('''''')	D (11111)	• •	min	max	ψ ()		
1345	2695	1012	670	1235	2585	788	394,0	56,0	446,0	1796,0	1-125		
1682	2695	1350	670	1572	2585	1088	544,0	56,0	483,0	1496,0	1-125		
2020	2695	1687	670	1910	2585	1388	694,0	56,0	521,0	1196,0	1-125		
2357	2695	2025	670	2247	2585	1688	844,0	56,0	558,0	896,0	1-125		
2695	2695	2362	670	2585	2585	1988	450	56,0	596,0	596,0	2-125		



ASSEMBLY

The WAAB-600 chilled beam incorporates a series of mounting angle brackets on both sides. These brackets have an 18-mm long slot, so that the chilled beam can be easily mounted in the installation. The number of brackets available varies depending on the nominal length of the selected chilled beam; 4 for $L_N \leq 1800$ mm and 8 for $L_N \geq 2100$ mm. The unit should be suspended from the structure with officially approved steel supports, cables or rods. Once suspended, the primary air duct should be connected to the plenum's neck. Likewise, the battery should be connected with solid elements, welding or quick connect fittings. Check that the hydraulic circuit has been properly emptied and that the beam is properly connected to the ventilation system to prevent air leaks.







DEFINITIONS

beams prop performanc diffusion tes benchmarks EN 13182 a For technica software se <u>http://www.r</u> <u>en/</u> The benchm	e/characteris berly requires e of both the sts, based on s of standard and EN 14240 al product se lection MADI madel.com/e nark is as foll 600 625 675 Nomi	rmal and the s EN 15116, 0. lection uses EL: n/downloads-
ν 	$\begin{array}{cccc} H_1 & (m/s) \\ I_L & (m/s) \\ I_1 & (m) \\ B & m \\ MA & (dBA) \\ P & (W) \\ P \\ P \\ WA & (dBA) \\ P \\ W & (W) \\ W \\$	Air speed at H ₁ height Air speed at L height Distance from ceiling to living area (1.8 m) Distance between two chilled beams Nominal length of chilled beam Sound power level Total power (P=P _{pr} + P _{wr}) Primary airflow rate Nominal water cooling or heating power Water cooling or heating power Primary airflow volume Hot water flow volume Cold water flow volume Primary air temperature Premises benchmark temperature Cold water temperature at battery input Cold water temperature at battery output Hot water temperature at battery output Static pressure inside plenum Pressure drop in water circuit Difference in premises benchmark temperature and supply water temperature ($\Delta t_{aw} = T_R - T_{i.w}$) Difference in premises benchmark temperature and primary supply air temp. ($\Delta t_{pr} = T_R - T_{pr}$) Correction factor of water rate based on water flow volume (P _{w.r} =P _w *F _w) C° Thermal gradient in battery Porking conditions for WAAB 600 chilled beams are as follows :

The nominal working conditions for WAAB 600 chilled beams are as follows :

Co	oling 2 and 4 tubes		Heating 2 tubes	Heating 4 tubes		
$T_R=$	26 °C	$T_R=$	22 °C	$T_R=$	22 °C	
m _{wc} =	110 l/h (L $_{\rm N}$ 900 a 1800) $^{(1)}$	$m_{wh}=$	110 l/h (L _N 900 a 1800)	m _{wh} =	50 l/h (L _N 900 a 1800)	
m _{wc} =	220 l/h (L _N 1800 a 2700) ⁽¹⁾	m _{wh} =	220 l/h (L _N 1800 a 2700)	m _{wh} =	110 l/h (L _N 1800 a 2700)	
$T_{i,wc} =$	16 °C ⁽²⁾	$T_{i,wh} =$	40 °C ⁽³⁾	$T_{i,wh} =$	40 °C ⁽³⁾	
$T_{pr}=$	16 °C	$T_{pr}=$	22 °C	T _{pr} =	22 °C	

⁽¹⁾ The recommended flow volume will maintain a thermal gradient of 3-4 °C in the battery.
⁽²⁾ We recommend using a supply water temperature of 14-16 °C to avoid condensation.
⁽³⁾ We recommend using a supply water temperature of 35-40 °C to avoid air stratification.